

```
chain nodes :
   7 8 9 10 20 22 23
                         24
                             25 26
ring nodes :
   1 2 3 4 5 6 11 12 13 14
chain bonds :
   1-25 2-24 3-23 4-22 5-7 6-26 7-8 7-20 9-10
ring bonds :
   1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 11-12 11-14 12-13 13-14
exact/norm bonds :
   5-7 7-8 7-20 9-10 11-12 11-14 12-13 13-14
exact bonds :
   1-25 2-24 3-23 4-22 6-26
normalized bonds :
   1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6
isolated ring systems :
   containing 1 :
```

G1:[*1],[*2]

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 20:CLASS 22:CLASS 23:CLASS 24:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS

=>Testing the current file.... screen

ENTER SCREEN EXPRESSION OR (END):end

=> screen 1839

L1 SCREEN CREATED

=> screen 2016 OR 2026 OR 2039 OR 2040 OR 2045 OR 2047

L2 SCREEN CREATED

≃>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\09972743.str



10 *19

$$A \xrightarrow{A^1} A^1 0 - 5$$

 $A \xrightarrow{A^1} A$

$$X$$
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X
 X

chain nodes :
7 8 9 10 20 22 23 24 25 26
ring nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6 11 12 13 14
chain bonds :
1-25 2-24 3-23 4-22 5-7 6-26 7-8 7-20 9-10
ring bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 11-12 11-14 12-13 13-14
exact/norm bonds :
5-7 7-8 7-20 9-10 11-12 11-14 12-13 13-14
exact bonds :
1-25 2-24 3-23 4-22 6-26
normalized bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 isolated ring systems: containing 1:

G1:[*1],[*2]

Match level:

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 20:CLASS 22:CLASS 23:CLASS 24:CLASS 25:CLASS

L3 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> que L3 AND L1 NOT L2

L4 QUE L3 AND L1 NOT L2

=> d 14

L4 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 SCR 1839

L2 SCR 2016 OR 2026 OR 2039 OR 2040 OR 2045 OR 2047

L3 STR

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation. L4 $\,$ QUE $\,$ L3 AND L1 NOT L2 $\,$

=> s 14 sss sam
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 17:57:45 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 467 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 467 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

5 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 8044 TO 10636

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 5 TO 234

L5 5 SEA SSS SAM L3 AND L1 NOT L2

=> => s 14 sss ful FULL SEARCH INITIATED 17:58:19 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 10046 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 10046 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

82 ANSWERS

L6 82 SEA SSS FUL L3 AND L1 NOT L2

=> => s 16 L7 42 L6

```
ANSWER 1 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L7
AN
     2004:368925 CAPLUS
DN
     140:391280
     Preparation of arylsulfonylbenzazoles as inhibitors of 11-\beta-hydroxy
TI
     steroid dehydrogenase type 1 and type 2.
     Vicker, Nigel; Su, Xiangdong; Ganeshapillai, Dharshini; Purohit, Atul;
IN
     Reed, Michael John; Potter, Barry Victor Lloyd
PΑ
     Sterix Limited, UK
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 172 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
                         ____
                              7 ----1
                                            -----
PI
     WO 2004037251
                         A1 20040506
                                            WO 2003-GB4590
                                                                    20031023
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE,
             GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK,
             LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ,
             OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM,
             TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ,
             BY, KG, KZ, MD
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG,
             CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC,
             NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ,
             GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     US 2004143124
                         A1
                                20040722
                                            US 2003-690708
                                                                   20031023
PRAI GB 2002-24830
                          Α
                                20021024
     US 2002-436635P
                          Ρ
                                20021230
OS
     MARPAT 140:391280
     Title compds. [I; 1 of R1, R2 = R5SO2N(R4)L; R4 = H, hydrocarbyl; R5 =
AΒ
     hydrocarbyl; L = optional linker group; R1R2 = atoms form a ring; <math>X = S,
     O, NR6, C(R7)(R8); R6-R8 = H, hydrocarbyl], were prepared Thus, title
     compound (II) inhibited 11\beta-HSD1 with IC50 = 6.6 \muM.
     686746-59-8P
ΙT
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
```

(preparation of indoles, benzothiazoles, benzoxazoles, and benzimidazoles as inhibitors of hydroxy steroid dehydrogenase)

RN 686746-59-8 CAPLUS

Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-(2-methyl-5-benzothiazolyl)-CN (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L7 ANSWER 2 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 2004:261220 CAPLUS
- DN 140:423511
- TI Synthesis and Biological Activity of Sulfonamide Derivatives of Epipodophyllotoxin
- AU Guianvarc'h, Dominique; Duca, Maria; Boukarim, Chawki; Kraus-Berthier, Laurence; Leonce, Stephane; Pierre, Alain; Pfeiffer, Bruno; Renard, Pierre; Arimondo, Paola B.; Monneret, Claude; Dauzonne, Daniel
- CS CNRS UMR 5153-MNHN USM 0503, Laboratoire de Biophysique, INSERM UR 565, Paris, 75231, Fr.
- SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2004), 47(9), 2365-2374 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
- PB American Chemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB A series of novel 4β -substituted sulfonamide derivs. of 4'-O-demethyl-4-desoxypodophyllotoxin, I [R1 = SO2R, R = Me, n-Pr, (CH2)3NH2, 2-thienyl, piperidino, etc.] (II), has been synthesized. II were synthesized by silylating the alc. I (R1 = H), followed by reaction with RSO2Cl, and desilylation. Their effects on human DNA topoisomerase II and, in some cases, on tubulin polymerization were evaluated. Several of the
- compds., e.g. II (R = Me), and the synthetic precursor, the 4β -azido compound, are potent topoisomerase II poisons that induce double-stranded breaks in DNA, with either improved or similar activity compared to etoposide. Only the amino precursor, compound I (R1 = H), was slightly active in tubulin polymerization inhibition assays. We observed that the derivs.

bearing an aromatic ring on the 4β -sulfonamide substituent were either less cytotoxic or equivalent to the parent drug, while the sulfonamides containing

an aliphatic side chain and the amino-sulfonamide derivs., except II [R = $(CH2)\,15Me$, $(CH2)\,3NH2$], exhibited increased cytotoxicity compared to etoposide. In vivo, against the P388 leukemia and the A-549 orthotopic model of lung carcinoma, the most promising compds. were the morpholino-and the piperazino-containing sulfonamides derivs. II (R = morpholino, 4-methylpiperazino).

IT 692755-76-3P

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation, antitumor, tubulin polymerization inhibitory, and human DNA topoisomerase II inhibitory activity of sulfonamide derivs. of epipodophyllotoxin)

- RN 692755-76-3 CAPLUS
- CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-[(5S,5aS,8aR,9R)-5,5a,6,8,8a,9-hexahydro-9-(4-hydroxy-3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-8-oxofuro[3',4':6,7]naphtho[2,3-d]-1,3-dioxol-5-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

OH

RE.CNT 35 THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
L7
      ANSWER 3 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
      2004:60488 CAPLUS
AN
DN
      140:128431
      Preparation of pyrazine and quinoxaline derivatives as chemokine receptor
TI
      CCR4 antagonists and medicinal use thereof
ΙN
      Habashita, Hiromu; Kokubo, Masaya; Shibayama, Shiro; Tada, Hideaki;
      Sagawa, Kenji
PA
      Ono Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan
SO
      PCT Int. Appl., 353 pp.
      CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
      Patent
T.A
      Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
      PATENT NO.
                         KIND /DATE
                                               APPLICATION NO.
                           ____
                                                _____
                                                                         -----
PΙ
     WO 2004007472
                           A1 20040122 WO 2003-JP8654
                                                                       20030708
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
              CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG,
              KZ, MD, RU, TJ
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG,
              CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC,
              NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ,
              GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI JP 2002-200879
                           Α
                                  20020710
OS
     MARPAT 140:128431
     Compds. such as pyrazine and quinoxaline derivs. represented by the
AB
     general formula (I) or salts thereof [the ring A, B, D = (un)substituted
     cyclic group; J = a bond, a spacer having 1-8 atoms in the main chain; G = a
     a bond, a spacer having 1-4 atoms in the main chain] are prepared Also
     disclosed are chemokine receptor CCR4 antagonists, inhibitors of effector
     cell function, cell migration inhibitor, and TNF\alpha modulators containing
     the compds. I. The compds. I, e.g. 6-bromo-2-[(3,4-
     dimethoxyphenyl)methoxy]-3-(4-methylphenylsulfonylamino)pyrazine (II) and
     2-[(pyridin-3-yl)methoxy]-3-(4-methylphenylsulfonylamino)quinoxaline, are
     useful in the prevention of and/or treatments for diseases in which CCR4
     participates, such as inflammation and allergic diseases, metabolic and
     endocrine diseases, cancer, infections, respiratory diseases (in
     particular asthma), and skin diseases (in particular atopic dermatitis).
     The diseases may include systemic inflammation response syndrome (SIRS),
     anaphylactic or anaphylactoid reaction, allergic vasculitis, transplant
     organ rejection reaction, hepatitis, nephritis, nephropathy, pancreatitis,
     rhinitis, arthritis, inflammatory eye diseases, inflammatory intestine
     diseases, cerebral/circulatory diseases, and autoimmune diseases. Thus,
     II in vitro inhibited the human macrophage-derived chemokine (MDC)-induced
     temporary increase in Ca2+ ion concentration in CHO cells expressing human CCR4
     with IC50 of 0.016 \mu M. 100 Tablets each containing 50 mg II were
     formulated from II 5.0, CM-cellulose calcium salt 0.2, magnesium stearate
     0.1, and microcryst. cellulose 4.7 g.
     648890-98-6P
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
        (preparation of pyrazine and quinoxaline derivs. as chemokine receptor CCR4
```

antagonists, inhibitors of effector cell function, cell migration

inhibitors, and $TNF\alpha$ modulators)

RN 648890-98-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[5-bromo-3-(phenylmethoxy)pyrazinyl]-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
ANSWER 4 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 AN
           2003:836848 CAPLUS
 DN
          139:350754
          Preparation of 2,3-diphenylquinoxaline derivatives as inhibitors of Akt
 TI
          activity for treating cancer
          Bilodeau, Mark T.; Duggan, Mark E.; Hartnett, John C.; Lindsley, Craig W.;
 ΙN
          Manley, Peter J.; Wu, Zhicai; Zhao, Zhijian
 PΑ
          Merck & Co., Inc., USA
 SO
          PCT Int. Appl., 228 pp.
          CODEN: PIXXD2
 DΤ
          Patent
 LА
          English
 FAN.CNT 1
          PATENT NO.
                                            KIND
                                                         DATE
                                                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                                    DATE
                                           ----
                                                                              ______
                                            A1 \ 20031023 \ WO 2003-US10442 20030404
 PΤ
          WO 2003086394
                W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
                        CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
                        GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,
                        LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
                        PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
                       UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD,
                        RU, TJ, TM
                RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG,
                       CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC,
                       NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ,
                       GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI US 2002-370847P
                                            P
                                                     20020408
         US 2002-417174P
                                              Ρ
                                                        20021009
OS
         MARPAT 139:350754
         The title compds. comprising a 2,3-diphenylquinoxaline moiety [I; u, v, w
AΒ
         and x = CH, N; y, z = CH, N (provided that at least one of y and z = N); Q
         = NR5R6, (un) substituted aryl, heterocyclyl; R1 = alkenyl, halo, CN, etc.;
         R2 = OH, CN, CO2H, etc.; R3, R4 = H, alkyl, perfluoroalkyl; or R3 and R4 are combined to form (CH2)t wherein one of the carbon atoms is optionally
         replaced by O, SOm, (un) substituted NHCO, N(COH); R5, R6 = H, aryl,
         heterocyclyl, etc.; or NR5R6 = monocyclic or bicyclic heterocycle; R7 =
         halo, CN, CO2H, etc.; n = 0-3; p = 0-2; t = 2-6; m = 0-2; q = 0-4; r = 0-4
         0-1] and their salts which inhibit the activity of Akt, a serine/threonine
         protein kinase, were prepared E.g., a 2-step synthesis of the quinoxaline
         II [starting from 4-bromomethylbenzil and 4-(2-keto-1-
        benzimidazolinyl)piperidine], was given. The exemplified compds. I were
         found to have IC50 of ≤ 50 µM against one or more of Akt1, Akt2
         and Akt3. The invention is further directed to chemotherapeutic compns.
         containing the compds. I and methods for treating cancer comprising
        administration of the compds. I.
         616868-04-3P 616870-31-6P 616870-61-2P
IT
        RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
         (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
         (Uses)
              (preparation of 2,3-diphenylquinoxaline derivs. as inhibitors of Akt
              activity for treating cancer)
RN
        616868-04-3 CAPLUS
CN
        Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-[1-[[4-(3-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-phenyl-2-
        quinoxalinyl)phenyl]methyl]-4-piperidinyl]-, trifluoroacetate (9CI) (CA
        INDEX NAME)
```

CM 1

CRN 616868-03-2 CMF C32 H25 F5 N4 O2 S

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

RN 616870-31-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-[1-[[4-(3-phenyl-2-quinoxalinyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-piperidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 616870-61-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-[1-[[4-(3-phenyl-2-quinoxalinyl)phenyl]methyl]-3-piperidinyl]-, trifluoroacetate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 616870-31-6

CMF C32 H25 F5 N4 O2 S

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L7 ANSWER 5 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 2003:455581 CAPLUS
- DN 139:224375
- TI Effects of 5-perfluorophenyl/octyl/butyl-substituted derivatives of aromatic/heterocyclic sulfonamides on carbonic anhydrase II activity in vitro and on betamethasone-induced ocular hypertension in rabbits
- AU Di Filippo, Clara; Rossi, Settimio; Lampa, Enrico; Boldrini, Enrico; Rinaldi, Barbara; Falcone, Giuseppe; Mazzeo, Filomena; Filippelli, Walter; D'Amico, Michele
- CS Department of Experimental Medicine, Section of Pharmacology, Faculty of Medicine and Surgery, 2nd University of Naples, Naples, 80138, Italy
- Research Communications in Pharmacology and Toxicology (2002), 7(1 & 2), 101-110
 CODEN: RCPTFY; ISSN: 1087-1101
- PB PJD Publications Ltd.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- 5-Perfluorophenyl/octyl/butyl-substituted (compds. 1, 2 and 3, resp.) AR derivs. of aromatic/heterocyclic sulfonamides are newly synthesized compds. with putative reductive effect on the carbonic anhydrase activity and putative ocular hypotensive properties. Here we studied the effects of these compds. on carbonic anhydrase II activity in vitro and on betamethasone-induced ocular hypertension in rabbits. The compound 3 was found to be effective inhibitor of the CAII in vitro. In contrast, the compound 1 showed significant activity at the highest (25 μM) dose tested, while no significant effect was observed for the compound 2. the administration of the compds. 1 and 3, 1% and 2% (0.05 $\overline{\text{mL}}/\text{day/twice}$ a day) concns., significantly reduced the ocular hypertension induced by 20 days treatment with betamethasone into the eye. This effect started 1h after treatment on day 1, and lasted for 12 \bar{h} . In particular, the 1% concentration lowering activity was almost extinguished 12h later. A similar trend for IOP reduction was observed on day 10 and 20 of treatment. In contrast

to this, the administration of the compound 2 (2% solution) only occasionally reduced the ocular hypertension induced by betamethasone in rabbits. Therefore, we suggest the possible effectiveness of the compound 3 (5-perfluorobutyl derivatized), and partially the compound 1 (5-perfluorophenyl derivatized), as carbonic anhydrase inhibitors. They are active as topical intraocular pressure-lowering agents in betamethasone-induced ocular hypertension.

IT 316826-91-2

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(5-perfluorophenyl/octyl/butyl-substituted derivs. of 1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-sulfonamides inhibit carbonic anhydrase II activity and reduce ocular hypertension)

RN 316826-91-2 CAPLUS

CN 1,3,4-Thiadiazole-2-sulfonamide, 5-[[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

09/972,743

L7 ANSWER 6 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2003:28891 CAPLUS

DN 138:44677

TI Perfluoro sulfonamide derivatives for use as carbonic anhydrase inhibitors in topical treatment of glaucoma

IN Supuran, Claudiu Trandafir; Scozzafava, Andrea; Menabuoni, Luca; Mincione, Francesco; Briganti, Fabrizio; Mincione, Giovanna

PA Farmigea S.p.A., Italy

SO Ital., 42 pp. CODEN: ITXXBY

DT Patent

LA Italian

FAN.CNT 1

ran.	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
PI PRAI	IT 1306161 IT 1999-RM414	B1 (20010530 19990625	IT 1999-RM414	19990625		

OS MARPAT 138:44677

AB More than 100 perfluoro sulfonamide derivs. were screened for carbonic anhydrase-inhibitory activity and suitability for use in topical treatment of glaucoma.

IT 316826-91-2

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(perfluoro sulfonamide derivs. for use as carbonic anhydrase inhibitors in topical treatment of glaucoma)

RN 316826-91-2 CAPLUS

CN 1,3,4-Thiadiazole-2-sulfonamide, 5-[[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L7 ANSWER 7 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 2002:673851 CAPLUS
- DN 138:214865
- TI Carbonic anhydrase inhibitors with strong topical antiglaucoma properties incorporating a 4-(2-amino-pyrimidin-4-yl-amino)-benzenesulfonamide scaffold
- AU Casini, Angela; Mincione, Francesco; Vullo, Daniela; Menabuoni, Luca; Scozzafava, Andrea; Supuran, Claudiu T.
- CS Universita degli Studi di Firenze, Polo Scientifico, Laboratorio di Chimica Bioinorganica, Florence, I-50019, Italy
- Journal of Enzyme Inhibition and Medicinal Chemistry (2002), 17(1), 9-18 CODEN: JEIMAZ; ISSN: 1475-6366
- PB Taylor & Francis Ltd.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 138:214865
- AB Reaction of 4-(2-amino-pyrimidin-4-yl-amino)-benzene-sulfonamide with alkyl/aryl-sulfonyl halides, acyl halides or arysulfonyl isocyanates afforded a series of derivs. which were tested for inhibition of three carbonic anhydrase (CA) isoenzymes. These compds. were designed in such a way as to (i) strongly inhibit several CA isoenzymes involved in aqueous humor secretion within the eye (such as CA II and CA IV), and (ii) to possess a pharmacol. profile that allows easy penetration through the cornea, when administered as eye drops in solution or suspension, constituting thus a valuable therapeutic approach for glaucoma. Several of the obtained inhibitors showed low nanomolar affinities for the two isoenzymes involved in aqueous humor secretion, CA II and CA IV. Furthermore, in normotensive and hypertensive rabbits, some of them showed an effective and prolonged intraocular pressure (IOP) lowering when administered topically, as 2% suspensions/solns.
- IT 316826-98-9P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(carbonic anhydrase inhibitors with strong topical antiglaucoma properties incorporating a 4-(2-amino-pyrimidin-4-yl-amino)-benzenesulfonamide scaffold)

- RN 316826-98-9 CAPLUS
- CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[4-[[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]amino]-2-pyrimidinyl]-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 8 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ΑN 2002:113840 CAPLUS

DN 136:167283

TIPreparation of acetylpiperidinebutanediamines as calcium ion-permeable AMPA receptor antagonists

IN Mimura, Tetsuya; Kawajiri, Shinichi

Daiichi Seiyaku Co., Ltd., Japan PA

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 93 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DΤ Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ----PIJP 2002047272 A2 20020212 JP 2000-225300 20000726 PRAI JP 2000-225300 20000726 MARPAT 136:167283

The compds. I (R1 = aryl, arylcarbonyl, aryloxy, cycloalkyl heterocyclyl, etc.; X = single bond, (un) substituted alkyl, alkenyl, cycloalkyl, monocyclic heterocyclyl; G = CO, SO2; $n = \overline{0}-3$; $A = \overline{N}R2$, $\overline{0}$, S, single bond; R2 = H, alkyl, OH; Y = alkylene, alkynylene, alkenylene; Q = NR3R4, OR5, SR5; R3, R4 = H, alkyl, cycloalkyl, aralkyl, etc.; R5 = alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, etc.), their salts, and solvates are prepared The compds. are useful for cerebral infarction, senile dementia, Alzheimer's, disease, Parkinson disease, and huntington's disease. Cyclohexanol was reacted with with oxalyl chloride in the presence of DMSO and Et3N in CH2Cl2 at $-78\,^{\circ}$ for 30 min and reacted with 4-[N-(4-aminobutyl)-N-(4-aminobutyl)](tert-butoxycarbonyl) aminomethyl]-1-(1-naphthylacetyl) piperidine for 1 h to give 82% N-(tert-butoxycarbonyl)-N'-cyclohexylmethyl-N-[1-(1naphthylacetyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl]-1,4-butanediamine, which was treated with HCl in EtOH at room temperature for 5 h to give

N-cyclohexylmethyl-N'-[1-(1naphthylacetyl)piperidin-4-ylmethyl]-1,4-butanediamine hydrochloride showing good AMPA receptor blocking activity in vitro.

ΙT 396072-50-7P

> RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of acetylpiperidinebutanediamines as calcium ion-permeable AMPA receptor antagonists)

RN 396072-50-7 CAPLUS

CN 4-Piperidinemethanamine, N-[4-[(cyclohexylmethyl)amino]butyl]-1-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-, dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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ANSWER 9 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 L7
 AN
      2002:72039 CAPLUS
 DN
      136:118380
      Pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid hydrazide derivatives for use as
 TI
      metalloprotease inhibitors
      Aebi, Johannes; Dehmlow, Henrietta; Kitas, Eric Argirios
 IN
      F. Hoffmann-La Roche A.-G., Switz.
 PA
 SO
      PCT Int. Appl., 78 pp.
      CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
      Patent
LΑ
      English
FAN.CNT 1
      PATENT NO.
                                DATE
                        KIND
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
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                                 -----<u>-</u>
                                             -----
PΙ
     WO 2002006224
                                20020124 WO 2001-EP7995
                          A1
                                                                     20010711
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
              CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT,
             RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ,
             VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     US 2002040048
                                 20020404 US 2001-900350
                          A1
                                                                     20010706
     US 6444829
                           B2
                                 20020903
     EP 1317428
                          A1
                                 20030611
                                            EP 2001-954031
                                                                     20010711
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     BR 2001012543
                          Α
                                 20030701 BR 2001-12543
                                                                     20010711
     JP 2004504298
                          T2
                                 20040212
                                             JP 2002-512130
                                                                     20010711
PRAI EP 2000-114948
                          Α
                                 20000719
     WO 2001-EP7995
                          W
                                 20010711
OS
     MARPAT 136:118380
     Title compds. I [R1 = H, acyl; R2 = (un)substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl,
AΒ
     akynyl, aryl, heterocyclic; R3 = H, aryl, alkyl, aralkyl, arylsulfonyl,
     heteroarylsulfonyl; R4 = H, aralkyl, alkyl, aryl, cycloalkyl,
     cycloalkylalkyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, aralkylsulfonyl,
     heteroarylsulfonyl, carboxyalkyl, carboxyalkylsulfonyl, alkoxycarbonyalkyl; NR4R5, R3NNR4R5 = heterocyclic; R5 = H, alkylsulfonyl,
     arylsulfonyl, heteroarylsulfonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryloxycarbonyl,
     heteroaryloxycarbonyl, acyl, heterocyclyl, (un) substituted aminosulfonyl,
     aminoalkylcarbonyl, arylcarbamoyl, alkyl, acyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aryl,
     aralkyl, arylalkoxycarbonyl, heteroaryl; X = SO2, SO2NH, CO,
     (un) substituted CONH, CO2] were prepared for use as inhibitors of
     metalloproteases, e.g. zinc proteases, particularly zinc hydrolases, and
     are effective in treating disease states are associated with vasoconstriction
     of increasing occurrences. Thus, (2S, 4R)-I [X = SO2, R1, R3 = H, R2 =
     2-naphthyl, NR4R5 = 2-oxopyrrolidino] was prepared from L-hydroxyproline Me
     ester hydrochloride in 7 steps.
TT
     391673-73-7P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological
     study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of pyrrolidine-2-carboxylic acid hydrazide derivs. for use as
        metalloprotease inhibitors)
     391673-73-7 CAPLUS
RN
     L-Proline, 4-mercapto-1-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-,
CN
     2-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]hydrazide, (4R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L7 ANSWER 10 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 2001:854928 CAPLUS
- DN 136:128594
- TI Development of quantitative structure-activity relationship and classification models for a set of carbonic anhydrase inhibitors
- AU Mattioni, Brian E.; Jurs, Peter C.
- CS Department of Chemistry, The Pennsylvania State University, University Park, PA, 16802, USA
- Journal of Chemical Information and Computer Sciences (2002), 42(1), 94-102 CODEN: JCISD8; ISSN: 0095-2338
- PB American Chemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA English
- Math. models are developed to find quant. structure-activity relationships AΒ that correlate chemical structure and inhibition toward three carbonic anhydrase (CA) isoenzymes: CA I, II, and IV. Numerical descriptors are generated to encode important topol., geometric, and electronic features of mol. structure. After descriptor generation, multiple linear regression, and computational neural network (CNN) analyses are performed on various descriptor subsets to find superior models for prediction. Committees of five CNNs were utilized to average final predicted values for the 142-compound data set. For inhibitors of $\overline{\text{CA}}$ I, an 8-5-1 CNN committee produced a training set rms error of $0.105 \log \text{Ki}$ (r2 = 0.994) and prediction set rms error of 0.208 log Ki (r2 = 0.980). Training and prediction set rms errors of 0.140 log Ki (r2 = 0.992) and 0.231 log Ki (r2 = 0.971), resp., were produced by a 9-5-1 CNN committee for inhibitors of CA II. For prediction of CA IV inhibitors, an 8-5-1 CNN committee produced training and prediction set rms errors of 0.147 \log Ki (r2 = 0.992) and 0.211 log $\dot{\text{Ki}}$ (r2 = 0.991), resp. In addition, classification models were built using k-nearest neighbor (kNN) anal. to solve two- and three-class problems for inhibitors of CA IV. A three-descriptor classification model proved superior in labeling compds. as active or inactive inhibitors for the two-class problem. Training and prediction set percent classification rates of 100% and 87.1%, resp., were obtained. For the three-class (active/moderate/inactive) problem, a five-descriptor model was deemed optimal producing a training set percent classification rate of 98.8% and prediction set rate of 79.0%.
- IT 316826-91-2 316826-98-9 316826-99-0
 - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); CUS (Combinatorial use); BIOL (Biological study); CMBI (Combinatorial study); USES (Uses) (development of QSAR and classification models for set of carbonic anhydrase inhibitors)
- RN 316826-91-2 CAPLUS
- CN 1,3,4-Thiadiazole-2-sulfonamide, 5-[[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 316826-98-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[4-[[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]amino]-2-pyrimidinyl]-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 316826-99-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Benzothiazolesulfonamide, 6-[[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L7 ANSWER 11 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN    2001:667322 CAPLUS
DN    136:95568
TI Parallel synthesis and biological activity of a new class of high affinity and selective δ-opioid ligand
AU Barn, D. R.; Caulfield, W. L.; Cottney, J.; McGurk, K.; Morphy, J. R.;
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- Rankovic, Z.; Roberts, B.
- CS Organon Laboratories Ltd., Newhouse, ML1 5SH, UK
- SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry (2001), 9(10), 2609-2624 CODEN: BMECEP; ISSN: 0968-0896
- PB Elsevier Science Ltd.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB A considerable number of research papers describing the synthesis and testing of the delta opioid receptor (DOR) ligands, SNC-80 and TAN-67, and analogs of these two compds., have been published in recent years. However, there have been few reports of the discovery of completely new structural classes of selective DOR ligand. By optimizing a hit compound identified by high throughput screening, a new series of tetrahydroisoquinoline sulfonamide-based delta opioid ligands was discovered. The main challenge in this series was to simultaneously improve both affinity and physicochem. properties, notably aqueous solubility The most active ligand had an
- affinity (IC50) of 6 nM for the cloned human DOR, representing a 15-fold improvement relative to the original hit I (IC50 98 nM). Compds. from this new series show good selectivity for the DOR over μ and κ opioid receptors. However the most active and selective compds. had poor aqueous solubility Improved aqueous solubility was obtained by replacing the phthalimide
 - group in I by basic groups, allowing the synthesis of salt forms. A series of compds. with improved affinity and solubility relative to I was identified and these compds. showed activity in an in vivo model of antinociception, the formalin paw test. In the case of compound II, this analgesic activity was shown to be mediated primarily via a DOR mechanism. The most active compound in vivo, III, showed superior potency in this test compared to the reference DOR ligand, TAN-67 and similar potency to morphine (68% and 58% inhibition in Phases 1 and 2, resp., at a dose of 10 mmol/kg i.v.).
- IT 388625-79-4P 388626-06-0P 388626-50-4P 388626-98-0P 388627-46-1P 388627-93-8P 388628-26-0P 388628-59-9P 388628-85-1P 388629-12-7P 388629-38-7P 388629-67-2P
 - RL: CPN (Combinatorial preparation); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); CMBI (Combinatorial study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 - (parallel synthesis and biol. activity of a new class of high affinity and selective $\delta\text{--opioid ligand})$
- RN 388625-79-4 CAPLUS
- CN Benzamide, 3-(dimethylamino)-N-[2-[1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-1-isoquinolinyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 388626-06-0 CAPLUS

CN Acetamide, 2-(dimethylamino)-N-[2-[1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-1-isoquinolinyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 388626-50-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Propenamide, 3-[4-(dimethylamino)phenyl]-N-[2-[1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-1-isoquinolinyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

RN 388626-98-0 CAPLUS

CN 3-Pyridinecarboxamide, 6-methyl-N-[2-[1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-1-isoquinolinyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 388627-46-1 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperidinepropanamide, N-[2-[1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-1-isoquinolinyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 388627-93-8 CAPLUS

CN 2-Pyrrolidinecarboxamide, 1-methyl-N-[2-[1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-l-isoquinolinyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 388628-26-0 CAPLUS

CN Butanamide, 4-(dimethylamino)-N-[2-[1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-1-isoquinolinyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 388628-59-9 CAPLUS

CN 3-Pyridinecarboxamide, 1,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1-methyl-N-[2-[1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-1-isoquinolinyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 388628-85-1 CAPLUS

CN 3-Pyridineacetamide, N-[2-[1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-1-isoquinolinyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 388629-12-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzeneacetamide, 4-(dimethylamino)-N-[2-[1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-1-isoquinolinyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 388629-38-7 CAPLUS

CN 4-Piperidinecarboxamide, 1-methyl-N-[2-[1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-1-isoquinolinyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 388629-67-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Imidazole-1-acetamide, N-[2-[1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-1-isoquinolinyl]ethyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L7 ANSWER 12 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN2001:265385 CAPLUS
- DN134:295739
- TIPreparation of N-aryl-N-(heterocyclylalkyl)piperidinecarboxamides as CCR5 antagonists
- IN Imamura, Shinichi; Hashiguchi, Shohei; Hattori, Taeko; Nishimura, Osamu; Kanzaki, Naoyuki; Baba, Masanori; Sugihara, Yoshihiro
- PΑ Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd., Japan
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 392 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2
- DTPatent
- English LΑ

FAN.CNT 1																	
	PATENT NO.			KIN			APPLICATION NO.										
ΡI	WO 2001025200						WO 2000-JP6755										
	W	AE,															
										ID,							
										MK,							
		RU,	SG,	SI,	SK,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	UA,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	AM,	AZ,
		•	KG,			•											
	R	V: GH,															
										IT,					SE,	BF,	ВJ,
										MR,							
	AU 2000074487				A5 20010510 Z			AU 2000-74487					20000929				
	JP 2001302633			A2 20011031			JP 2000-302841						20000929				
										BR 2000-14428							
										EP 2000-962967 , GR, IT, LI, LU,							
	R										IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
	TD 20	•	SI,					,	-		200	1005	4 =		0.4		
	JP 2003048880							20030221 JP 2002-180545									
	NO 2002001450							020603 NO 2002-1450 030513 US 2002-89374									
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PRAI					A 1999100 A 2000021				-								
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	WO 200				W		2000										
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os		AS		2002	0329												
05	MARPAT 134:295739																

AΒ Title compds. (I) [wherein R1 = H, (un) substituted hydrocarbon or nonarom. heterocycle; R2 = (un)substituted hydrocarbon or nonarom. heterocycle; or R1 and R2 together with A form an (un) substituted heterocycle; A = N or $N+(R5) \bullet Y-$; R5 = hydrocarbon; Y- = counteranion; R3 = (un) substituted(hetero)cycle; n = 0 or 1; R4 = H or (un)substituted hydrocarbon, heterocycle, alkoxy, aryloxy, or amino group; E = (un)substituted divalent aliphatic hydrocarbon; G1 = a bond, CO, or SO2; G2 = CO, SO2, NHCO, CONH, or OCO; J = CH or N; Q and R = independently a bond or (un)substituted divalent aliphatic hydrocarbon; provided that J = CH when G2 = OCO, that 1 of Q and R is not a bond when the other is a bond, and that each of Q and R is not substituted by oxo group(s) when G1 is a bond; or a salt thereof] were prepared as potent chemokine receptor CCR5 antagonists. I are useful for the treatment or prevention of the HIV disease in humans (e.g. AIDS). For example, II-HCl was synthesized in 34% yield in a 2-step process involving addition of TFA to a solution of 1-tert-butoxycarbonyl-4-(2benzothiazolylthio)piperidine in CH2Cl2, followed by addition of AcCN, 1-acetyl-N-(3-chlorophenyl)-N-(3-chloropropyl)-4-piperidine carboxamide,

K2CO3, and KI to the residue and workup. II•HCl showed 96% inhibition of HIV-1 infection in transformant MAGI-CCR5 cells. In addition, 42 example compds. were tested and gave inhibition rates of 82% to 100% at 1.0 μ M in a CCR5 antagonistic activity assay.

IT 333990-21-9P, N-(3,4-Dichlorophenyl)-N-[3-[4-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1-piperidinyl]propyl]-1-(2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenylsulfonyl)-4-piperidinecarboxamide trifluoroacetate

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of N-aryl-N-(heterocyclylalkyl)piperidinecarboxamide CCR5 antagonists by amidation of N-(arylheterocyclyl)alkylamines or addition of heterocycles to N-aryl-N-(haloalkyl)piperidinecarboxamides)

RN 333990-21-9 CAPLUS

4-Piperidinecarboxamide, N-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-N-[3-[4-[(4-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1-piperidinyl]propyl]-1-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CN

CRN 333990-20-8

CMF C33 H33 C12 F6 N3 O3 S

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
C1 \\
C1 \\
CH_2
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
CH_2
\end{array}$$

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

09/972,743

- L7 ANSWER 13 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 2001:186518 CAPLUS
- DN 135:5487
- TI Chiral ketone-catalyzed asymmetric epoxidation of stilbene with Oxone
- AU Matsumoto, Koichiro; Tomioka, Kiyoshi
- CS Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Kyoto University, Kyoto, 606-8501, Japan
- SO Heterocycles (2001), 54(2), 615-617 CODEN: HTCYAM; ISSN: 0385-5414
- PB Japan Institute of Heterocyclic Chemistry
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 135:5487
- AB Chiral 7-membered ketones bearing a 1,2-ethylenediamine backbone were synthesized and examined for their catalytic behavior in the asym. epoxidn. of stilbene with Oxone.
- IT 340964-37-6P

RL: CAT (Catalyst use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(asym. epoxidn. of stilbene with Oxone catalyzed by chiral methylenediphenyldiazepinones)

- RN 340964-37-6 CAPLUS
- CN 6H-1,4-Diazepin-6-one, hexahydro-1,4-bis[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2,3-diphenyl-, (2S,3S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 433283-39-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(asym. epoxidn. of stilbene with Oxone catalyzed by chiral methylenediphenyldiazepinones)

- RN 433283-39-7 CAPLUS
- CN 1H-1,4-Diazepine, hexahydro-6-methylene-1,4-bis[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfony 1]-2,3-diphenyl-, (2S,3S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RE.CNT 19 THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L7
     ANSWER 14 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
     2001:185723 CAPLUS
     134:222633
DN
ΤI
     Cyanopiperidines as pesticides
IN
     Hueter, Ottmar Franz; Lutz, William; Renold, Peter; Steiger, Arthur;
     Zambach, Werner
PΑ
     Syngenta Participations A.-G., Switz.
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 30 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
T.A
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                     DATE
                          ____
                                             -----
     WO 2001017965
PΙ
                          A2
                                 20010315
                                             WO 2000-EP8660
                                                                     20000905
     WO 2001017965
                          A3
                               20030417
            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
             HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
             LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
             SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
             YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI CH 1999-1639
                                 19990907
                          Α
     MARPAT 134:222633
OS
AΒ
     Cyanopiperidines I [R1 = (un)substituted heterocyclyl; R2 = H, CN, OH,
     CHO, (un) substituted alkyl, alkenyl, arylamino, alkylarylamino, etc.; R3 =
     halo, OH, COOH, CN, alkyl, haloalkyl, cycloalkyl, etc.; A =
     (un) substituted C1-C2 alkylene; n = 0, 1; m = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4] were prepared
     as insecticides, acaricides, and nematocides. Thus, 54 mg of
     4-(5-chloro-3-pyridinyl)-4-piperidinecarbonitrile (obtained in 4 steps
     starting from 1-methyl-4-piperidinone and methylene isocyanate), 34 mg of
     1-bromo-3-fluoropropane, and 31 mg of Hunig base are stirred in 6 mL of THF 48 h at 60° to give 32 mg of 4-(5-chloro-3-pyridinyl)-1-(3-
     fluoropropyl)-4-piperidinecarbonitrile. Qual. pesticidal test results
     were given.
     329370-22-1P
IT
     RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except
     adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (piperidinecarbonitriles as pesticides)
RN
     329370-22-1 CAPLUS
CN
     4-Piperidinecarbonitrile, 4-(6-chloro-2-pyridinyl)-1-
     [(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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09/972,743

L7 ANSWER 15 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2001:80778 CAPLUS

DN 134:277808

TI The antifungal activity of 2,2'-diamino-4,4'-dithiazole derivatives is due to the possible inhibition of lanosterol-14- α -demethylase

AU Scozzafava, Andrea; Nicolae, Anca; Maior, Ovidiu; Briganti, Fabrizio; Supuran, Claudiu T.

CS Universita degli Studi, Laboratorio di Chimica Inorganica e Bioinorganica, Florence, 50121, Italy

SO Journal of Enzyme Inhibition (1998), 14(1), 49-68 CODEN: ENINEG; ISSN: 8755-5093

PB Harwood Academic Publishers

DT Journal

LA English

Aryl/alkyl sulfonylamido-, arylsulfenylamido-, arylcarboxamido- and AB ureido/thioureido/quanidino derivs. of 2,2'-diamino-4,4'-dithiazole were prepared by reaction of the title compound with sulfonyl/sulfenyl halides, sulfonic acid anhydrides, acyl chlorides, tosyl isocyanate, aryl/allyl isocyanates or isothiocyanates. Mono- as well as bis-derivatized compds. have been obtained. Several of the newly synthesized compds. act as effective antifungal agents against Aspergillus and Candida spp., some of them showed activities comparable to ketoconazole (with min. inhibitory concns. in the range of $0.2-1.8 \mu g/mL$) but possessed lower activity as compared to itraconazole. Greatest activity was detected against A. niger, and least activity against C. albicans. The mechanism of action of these compds. probably involves inhibition of ergosterol biosynthesis, and interaction with lanosterol-14- α -demethylase (CYP51A1), since reduced amts. of ergosterol were found by HPLC in cultures of the sensitive strain A. niger treated with some of these inhibitors. the compds. reported here and the azole antifungal derivs. might possess a similar mechanism of action at mol. level.

IT 332351-11-8P 332351-28-7P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(antifungal activity of diaminodithiazole derivs. is due to possible inhibition of lanosterol demethylase in relation to structure)

RN 332351-11-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-(2'-amino[4,4'-bithiazol]-2-yl)-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 332351-28-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N,N'-[4,4'-bithiazole]-2,2'-diylbis[2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L7
     ANSWER 16 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ΑN
     2000:861677 CAPLUS
DN
     134:29437
TI
     Novel oxazaheterocycles as protease inhibitors
IN
     Wang, Aihua; Lu, Tianbao; Tomczuk, Bruce E.; Soll, Richard M.; Spurlino,
     John; Bone, Roger
     3-Dimensional Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 85 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LΑ
FAN.CNT 1
                                                                 DATE
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                                DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
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                               _____
                                           _____
                        A1 20001207 WO 2000-US14553
     WO 2000073302
                                                                  20000526
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ/ BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR,
             CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU,
             ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU,
             LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD,
             SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA,
             ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                               20011204 US 2000-578487
20020327 EP 2000-932792
                                                                   20000526
     US 6326492
                         В1
     EP 1189901
                         A1
                                                                   20000526
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
     JP 2003501352
                         Т2
                                20030114
                                           JP 2001-500627
                                                                   20000526
PRAI US 1999-136386P
                         P
                                19990527
     WO 2000-US14553
                         W
                                20000526
     The invention discloses proteolytic enzyme inhibitors of formula I [R1 =
AΒ
     (un) substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkylalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl,
     aryl, arylalkyl, heterocycle or heterocycloalkyl; R7 = H, alkyl, or
     alkenyl; Z = SO2, OCO, CO, NR2CO, or a covalent bond; R2 = H, alkyl,
     arylalkyl, aryl, hydroxyalkyl, aminoalkyl, etc.; A = Q1, Q2 wherein Ra,
     Rb, and Rc = independently H, alkyl, OH, alkoxy, aryloxy, arylalkoxy,
     alkoxycarbonyloxy, CN, or ester; n, m, p = 0-4 provided that all are not
     zero; X = Q3, Q4, Q5 wherein R3, R4, and R5 = independently H, alkyl,
     cycloalkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, halo, CF3, NO2, (un)substituted aryl,
     arylalkyl, etc.; R6 = H, alkyl, aryl, arylalkyl, cyanoalkyl, etc.] as well
     as hydrates, solvates or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, and
     methods of preparation Compound II. TFA demonstrated thrombin inhibitory
     activity (sic) of 0.38 nM. The compds. of the invention are potent
     inhibitors of proteases, especially trypsin-like serine proteases, such as
     chymotrypsin, trypsin, thrombin, plasmin and factor Xa. Certain of the
     compds. exhibit antithrombotic activity via direct, selective inhibition
     of thrombin. The invention includes a composition for inhibiting loss of blood
     platelets, inhibiting formation of blood platelet aggregates, inhibiting
     formation of fibrin, inhibiting thrombus formation, and inhibiting embolus
     formation in a mammal, comprising a compound of the invention in a
     pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. Other uses of compds. of the
     invention are as anticoagulants either embedded in or phys. linked to
     materials used in the manufacture of devices used in blood collection, blood
     circulation, and blood storage, such as catheters, blood dialysis
     machines, blood collection syringes and tubes, blood lines and stents.
     Addnl., the compds. can be detectably labeled and employed for in vivo
     imaging of thrombi.
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IT 311811-69-5P 311812-32-5P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation and biol. activity of oxazaheterocycles as protease inhibitors)

RN 311811-69-5 CAPLUS

CN 1(2H)-Pyridineacetamide, N-[2-(aminoiminomethyl)tetrahydro-2H-1,2-oxazin-5-yl]-6-methyl-2-oxo-3-[[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 311812-32-5 CAPLUS

CN 1(2H)-Pyridineacetamide, N-[(3-amino-5,6-dihydro-2H-1,2,4-oxadiazin-6-yl)methyl]-6-methyl-2-oxo-3-[[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L7 ANSWER 17 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 2000:758792 CAPLUS
- DN 134:86203
- TI Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors: Perfluoroalkyl/Aryl-Substituted Derivatives of Aromatic/Heterocyclic Sulfonamides as Topical Intraocular Pressure-Lowering Agents with Prolonged Duration of Action
- AU Scozzafava, Andrea; Menabuoni, Luca; Mincione, Francesco; Briganti, Fabrizio; Mincione, Giovanna; Supuran, Claudiu T.
- CS Laboratorio di Chimica Inorganica e Bioinorganica, Universita degli Studi di Firenze, Florence, I-50121, Italy
- SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2000), 43(23), 4542-4551 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
- PB American Chemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AΒ Reaction of perfluoroalkyl/arylsulfonyl chlorides or perfluoroalkyl/arylcarbonyl chlorides with aromatic/heterocyclic sulfonamides possessing a free amino/imino/hydrazino/hydroxy group afforded compds. with the general formula CxFyZ-A-SO2NH2, where Z = SO2NH, SO3, CONH, or CO2 and A = aromatic/heterocyclic moiety. The sulfonyl chlorides used in synthesis included: CF3SO2Cl, n-C4F9SO2Cl, n-C8F17SO2Cl, and C6F5SO2Cl, whereas the acyl chlorides were C8F17COCl and C6F5COCl. A total of 25 different sulfonamides have been derivatized by means of the above-mentioned perfluorosulfonyl/acyl halides. These new series of sulfonamides showed strong affinities toward isoenzymes I, II, and IV of carbonic anhydrase (CA). For a given sulfonamide derivatized by the above procedures, inhibitory power was greater for the alkyl/arylsulfonylated compds., as compared to the corresponding perfluoroalkyl/arylcarbonylated ones. In vitro inhibitory activity generally increased with the number of carbon atoms in the mol. of the acylating/sulfonylating agent, with a maximum for the perfluorophenylsulfonylated and perfluorobenzoylated derivs. Some of the prepared CA inhibitors displayed very good water solubility (in the

range

- of 2%) and strongly lowered intraocular pressure (IOP) when applied topically, directly into the normotensive/glaucomatous rabbit eye, as 2% water solns. The good water solubility of these new classes of CA inhibitors, correlated with the neutral pH of their solns. used in the ophthalmol. applications, makes them attractive candidates for developing novel types of antiglaucoma drugs devoid of unpleasant ocular side effects. Example compds. thus prepared and tested were 4-[[(trifluoromethyl)sulfonyl]amino]be nzenesulfonamide 4-[[(nonafluorobutyl)sulfonyl]amino]benzenesulfonamide, 5-[(pentafluorophenylsulfonyl)amino]-1,3,4-thiadiazole-2-sulfonamide, and N-[5-(aminosulfonyl)-3-methyl-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2(3H)-ylidene]pentafluorobenzamide.
- IT 316826-98-9 316826-99-0
 - RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
 - (preparation of perfluoroalkyl/aryl-substituted sulfonamide derivs. as topical intraocular pressure-lowering agents with prolonged duration of action (carbonic anhydrase inhibitors))
- RN 316826-98-9 CAPLUS
- CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[4-[[4-(aminosulfonyl)phenyl]amino]-2-pyrimidinyl]-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 316826-99-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Benzothiazolesulfonamide, 6-[[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 316826-91-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of perfluoroalkyl/aryl-substituted sulfonamide derivs. as topical intraocular pressure-lowering agents with prolonged duration of action (carbonic anhydrase inhibitors))

RN 316826-91-2 CAPLUS

CN 1,3,4-Thiadiazole-2-sulfonamide, 5-[[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 57 THERE ARE 57 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

09/972,743

- L7 ANSWER 18 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 2000:632971 CAPLUS
- DN 133:321822
- TI Synthesis of some 3-acylbenzoxazolinones
- AU Ayupova, A. T.; Aliev, N. A.
- CS Inst. Khim. Rastitel. Veschestv, AN RUz, Uzbekistan
- SO O'zbekiston Kimyo Jurnali (2000), (2), 30-33 CODEN: OKJZA6; ISSN: 0042-1707
- PB Izdatel'stvo Fan
- DT Journal
- LA Russian
- OS CASREACT 133:321822
- AB Acylation of benzoxazolinone by 3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl isocyanate, perfluorobenzenesulfonyl chloride, and acid chlorides gave new 3-acylbenzoxazolinones. The reaction of benzoxazolinone with β -methylacryloyl chloride gave both acylation and addition products.
- RN 302782-82-7 CAPLUS
- CN 2(3H)-Benzoxazolone, 3-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L7
    ANSWER 19 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
     2000:421094 CAPLUS
DN
     133:43382
TI
     Preparation of tubulin-binding agents
IN
     Clark, David; Frankmoelle, Walter; Houze, Jonathan; Jaen, Juan C.; Medina,
     Julio C.
PΑ
     Tularik Inc., USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 39 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
    English
LА
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                               DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                DATE
                       KIND
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                       ____
                               _____
    WO 2000035865 A2 WO 2000035865 A3 \
PΙ
                               20000622
                                          WO 1999-US29968
                                                               19991215
                              20001026
        W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU,
            CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL,
            IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA,
            MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI,
            SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ,
            BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE,
             DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF,
             CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                            / 20020813 US 1999-464217
     US 6433187
                         В1
                                                                 19991215
PRAI US 1998-112613P
                         Ρ
                               19981217
     Derivs. of known tubulin-binding compds. are prepared in which a
     (poly) fluorobenzene, a fluoropyridine, or a fluoronitrobenzene moiety is
     incorporated or added to the structure. These derivs. can be used as
     antimitotic agents and can be considered covalent modifiers of tubulin (no
     data). The strategy developed for each of the compds. is to (i) append a
     fluorinated electrophile (e.g., pentafluorophenylsulfonamido,
     2-fluoropyridyl, or 3,5-dinitro-4-fluorophenyl) to an existing functional
     group in a natural product, (ii) replace an aromatic ring in a natural
     product with a fluorinated electrophile, or (iii) attach a fluorinated
     electrophile to an open valence in a portion of the mol. that will not
     interfere with recognition and binding to the tubulin site. Derivs. are
     provided based on colchicine, steganacin, podophyllotoxin, nocodazole,
     combretastatin, curacin A, vinblastine, vincristine, dolastatin,
     2-methoxyestradiol, dihydroxy-pentamethoxyflavanone and others. Thus, I
    is prepared from deacetylcolchicine and pentafluorophenylsulfonyl chloride.
    274922-20-2P 274922-22-4P 274922-26-8P
     274922-43-9P 274922-62-2P 274922-64-4P
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of fluorinated aromatic natural product derivs. as
tubulin-binding
        agents)
     274922-20-2 CAPLUS
RN
CN
     Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-[(5S,5aS,8aR,9R)-5,5a,6,8,8a,9-
     hexahydro-8-oxo-9-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)furo[3',4':6,7]naphtho[2,3-d]-
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Absolute stereochemistry.

1,3-dioxol-5-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

ОМе

PAGE 2-A

RN 274922-22-4 CAPLUS

CN Vincaleukoblastine, 4-de(acetyloxy)-4-[[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-, (4 α)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 274922-26-8 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-[5-(2-thienylcarbonyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 274922-43-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-[(5aR,8aR,9R)-5,5a,6,8,8a,9-hexahydro-9-hydroxy-6-oxofuro[3',4':6,7]naphtho[2,3-d]-1,3-dioxol-4-yl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 274922-62-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[(3aR,14R,14aR)-14-(acetyloxy)-1,3,3a,4,14,14a-hexahydro-6,8-dimethoxy-3-oxobenzo[3,4]furo[3',4':6,7]cycloocta[1,2-f][1,3]benzodioxol-7-yl]-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 274922-64-4 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[1,4-dihydro-2-(3-methoxyphenyl)-4-oxo-6-quinolinyl]-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

09/972,743

L7 ANSWER 20 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2000:356887 CAPLUS

DN 133:10843

TI Organic electroluminescent material

IN Okada, Hisashi

PA Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 29 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

CODEN: OKA

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
ΡI	JP 2000144125	A2	20000526	JP 1999-232744	19990819		
	US 6528187	B1	20030304	US 1999-391156	19990908		
PRAI	JP 1998-254147	A	19980908				
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

OS MARPAT 133:10843

AB An organic electroluminescent material, suited for use in making a reliable electroluminescent device, comprises a compound containing the structure represented by I [Ql represents atomic members forming 5- or 6-member N-containing aromatic heterocyclic ring; Q2 represents atomic members forming

6-member aromatic ring; X and Y = N or C; Z = SO2R1, COR2 and POR3(R4) (R1-4 = aliphatic hydrocarbons, aryl, heterocyclic, amino, etc.)].

IT 270584-97-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (organic electroluminescent material)

RN 270584-97-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-8-quinolinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L7 ANSWER 21 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1999:784085 CAPLUS
- DN 132:18814
- TI Aza-heterocyclic compounds used to treat neurological disorders and hair loss
- IN Hamilton, Gregory S.; Norman, Mark H.; Wu, Yong-Qian; Li, Jia-He; Steiner, Joseph P.
- PA Guilford Pharmaceuticals Inc., USA; Amgen, Inc.
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 106 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

MARPAT 132:18814

OS

- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 1

L MIN .	PAT								-			LICAT					ATE	
ΡI												1998-					9981:	203
		W:	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR	R, BY,	CA,	CH,	CN,	CU,	CZ,	DE,
												I, HR,						
												LU,						
			MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE	, SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,
			TT,	UA,	UG,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ	, BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM
		RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	ZW	, AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,
			FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NΙ	, PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,
												, TG						
						AA		1999	1209		CA	1998-	2333	964		1	9981	203
		9917				A 1						1999-					9981	203
		9811										1998-					9981	203
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	EΡ	1102										1998-						
		R:							FR,	GB,	GR	, IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			•		•	LV,	•											
		2002							0618			2000-					99812	
		2000	0061	17		A			0201			2000-				_	00012	
		1050				A			0831			2000-					00012	
		2002							0418		US	2001-	7769	04		20	00102	206
PRAI		1998							0603									
		1998						1998										
	WO	1998	-US2	55/4		W		1998	1203									

The invention is directed to carboxylic acids and isosteres of heterocyclic ring compds. I [X, Y, Z = C, O, S, N (provided that not all X, Y, Z are C); n = 1-3; A = RlC(O)C(O), RlC(O)C(S), RlSO2, (E)(Rl)NC(O); Rl, E = H, Cl-9 (un)branched alkyl or alkenyl, aryl, etc.; D = Cl-10 (un)branched alkyl, ethylene, butylene; R2 = carboxylic acid or carboxylic acid isostere] which have multiple heteroatoms within the heterocyclic ring, derivs. containing N-linked diketos, sulfonamides, ureas and carbamates attached thereto, their preparation and use for treating neurol. disorders including phys. damaged nerves and neurodegenerative diseases, as well as for treating alopecia and promoting hair growth.

IT 251952-11-1 251952-25-7 251952-26-8 251953-81-8 251953-94-3 251953-95-4

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(heterocyclic compds. for treatment of neurol. disorder or hair loss) RN 251952-11-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H-1,2,3-Triazole-4-carboxylic acid, 5-[(4R)-3-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-4-thiazolidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 251952-25-7 CAPLUS

CN 2H-1,3-Thiazine, 4-(2,5-dihydro-5-thioxo-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)tetrahydro-3-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-, (4S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 251952-26-8 CAPLUS

CN 2H-1,3-Thiazine, tetrahydro-3-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-4-(1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl)-, (4S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 251953-81-8 CAPLUS

CN 1H-1,2,3-Triazole-4-carboxylic acid, 5-[(2S)-3-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-thiazolidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 251953-94-3 CAPLUS

CN 2H-1,3-Thiazine, 2-(2,5-dihydro-5-thioxo-1,2,4-oxadiazol-3-yl)tetrahydro-3-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 251953-95-4 CAPLUS

CN 2H-1,3-Thiazine, tetrahydro-3-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-(1,2,4-thiadiazol-5-yl)-, (2S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L7 ANSWER 22 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

FAN.	PA'	rent	KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.							DATE							
ΡI		- 			A1		1999										 9981				
		W:	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,		BA,								CN.					
			DK,	EE,	ES,	FΙ,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GN	1 .	HR.	HU.	ID.	IL.	IS.	JP.	KE.		
			KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LТ	Γ,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG.	MK.	MN.	MW.		
								RO,											TR,		
			TT,	UA,	UG,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ	z,	BY,	KG,	KZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,			
		RW:	GH,	GM,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	ΖV	v,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,	DE,	DK,	ES,		
								IT,													
								MR,											•		
		2311				AA		1999	0603		CA	19	998-2	2311	969		19981125				
		9917				A1	A1 19990615										19	9981	125		
		7514				В2		2002	0815												
		6037				A		2000			US	19	998-:	1991				9981	125		
	EΡ	1036				A1		2000						9628				9981			
		R:						ES,	FR,	GB,	GF	₹,	IT,	LI,	LU,	ΝL,	SE,	MC,	PT,		
	7.0	0001		SI,	LT,		•														
		2001		6/		T2		2001						5220				9981			
		9815				A		2001						1532				9981			
		1125 9810				В		2003						8124				9981			
		6245				A B1		2000						1083				981			
		2002		7.0		A1		2001						4825 3272				0000			
		6350		70		R1		2002			US	20)OT-6	3212	92		2(0104	106		
		2002		72		B2 A1 B2		2002			TTC	2.0	101 <u>-</u> 1	1244	5		20	0112	212		
		6472		1 2.		R2		2002			0.5	20	JUI	1244.	J		20	,011	212		
		2003		21		A1		2003			ΠS	20	102-2	2415	1.3		20	0209	112		
		6566				A1 B2		2003			OD		702 2	5115.	1.5		2 (020.	12		
		2003		15		A1		2003			US	2.0	003-4	4000	7.3		20	0303	327		
		6706						2004							, 0			, • • • •	, ,		
	US	2004	10663	33		B2 A1		2004	0603		US	20	003-1	71498	38		20	031	17		
PRAI	US	1997	-664	75P		P		1997	1126												
	US	1997	-6732	24P		P		1997	1205												
	US	1998	-7910	07P		Ρ		1998	0323												
	US	1998	-6910)7P		P		1998	0323												
	US	1998	-1993	L67		A3		1998	1125												
	WO	1998	-US25	5185		W		1998	1125												
		2000				A 3		2000	0114												
		2001				A3 A3		2001	0406												
		2001						2001													
		2002				A3		20020													
		2003				A3		20030	0327												
OS	MAF	RPAT	L																		

AB R1Z1NHZCONHCR12R13(CH2)nCR14R15(CH2)mZ2NR8C(:NRa)NRbRc [I; Ra,Rb,Rc = H, OH, alkoxy(carbonyl), etc.; R1 = (cyclo)alkyl, aryl(alkyl), heterocyclyl,

AN 1999:354483 CAPLUS

DN 131:18931

TI Preparation of N-[(oxopyridinylacetamido)alkoxy] guanidines and analogs as protease inhibitors

IN Lu, Tianbao; Tomczuk, Bruce E.; Markotan, Thomas P.; Siedem, Colleen

PA 3-Dimensional Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 145 pp.

etc.; R7 = H or alk(en)yl; R8 = H, alk(en)yl, aryl, etc.; R12-R15 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, aryl(alkyl), etc.; R12R13,R14R15 = alkylene; R12R14 = bond or alkylene; Z = (un)substituted 1,2-dihydro-2-oxopyridine-3,1-diyl, (un)substituted 3,4-dihydro-4-oxopyrimidine-5,3-diyl, etc.; Z1 = bond, S02, O2C, etc.; Z2 = 0, (alkyl)imino, etc.; m = 0-6; n = 0-8] were prepared Thus, PhCH2SO2NHZCH2CO2H was amidated by protected H2N(CH2)3ONHC(:NH)NH2 (preparation each given) to give, after deprotection, PhCH2SO2NHZCH2CONH(CH2)3ONHC(:NH)NH2. Data for biol. activity of I were given.

IT 226568-22-5P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of N-[(oxopyridinylacetamido)alkoxy] guanidines and analogs as protease inhibitors)

RN 226568-22-5 CAPLUS

CN 1(2H)-Pyridineacetamide, N-[2-[[(aminoiminomethyl)amino]oxy]ethyl]-6-methyl-2-oxo-3-[[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-, mono(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 226568-21-4 CMF C17 H17 F5 N6 O5 S

CM 2

CRN 76-05-1 CMF C2 H F3 O2

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L7 ANSWER 23 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1999:175689 CAPLUS
- DN 130:223060
- TI Preparation of pentafluorobenzenesulfonamides for treating atherosclerosis and hypercholesterolemia
- IN Medina, Julio Cesar; Clark, David Louis; Flygare, John A.; Rosen, Terry
 J.; Shan, Bei
- PA Tularik Inc., USA
- SO U.S., 28 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 605,431, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.					KIN	D	DATE			APPLICATION NO.				DATE				
PI	ΕP	US 5880151 EP 1334719 EP 1334719			A A2	A2 20030813				US 1997-896827 EP 2003-9125						19970718 19970222			
	E.F	R:	AT,	•	CH,	A3 DE,	DK,	, ES,		GB,	, GI	٦,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		8965 2205		rı		Т Т3		2004						9078 9078				99702 99702	
	US	6121 6316	304			A B1		2000	0919		US	19	99-	2272 6337	16		19	99901 99901	106
PRAI	US	2002 1996	14303			A1 B2		2002	1003					9727				00110	
	EP	1997 1997	-9078	343		A3 A1		1997	0222										
	US	1999	-2272	216		A1 A1		1999	0106										
	0.5	2000	1000	7-1-0		ΑT		2000	0007										

- OS MARPAT 130:223060
- AB The title compds. [I; Y = SO, SO2; Z = NR1R2 (wherein R1 = H, (un)substituted C1-10 alkyl, C3-6 alkenyl, C2-6 heteroalkyl; R2 = (un)substituted Ph)], useful as pharmacol. agents in the treatment of disease states, particularly atherosclerosis, pancreatitis, hypercholesterolemia, and hyperlipoproteinemia or as lead compds. for the development of such agents, were prepared Thus, reaction of N,N-dimethyl-1,4-phenyldiamine.2HCl with pentafluorophenylsulfonyl chloride in pyridine afforded 63% I [Y = SO2; Z = 4-(Me2N)C6H4NH] which showed ECmax of 0.5 μM for their ability to increase LDL receptor expression in Hep G2 cells.
- IT 195533-48-3P 195533-50-7P 195533-64-3P 195533-66-5P 195533-89-2P 195534-22-6P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of pentafluorobenzenesulfonamides for treating atherosclerosis and hypercholesterolemia)

- RN 195533-48-3 CAPLUS
- CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-(2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl)-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195533-50-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195533-64-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-1H-indazol-5-yl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195533-66-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-1H-indol-5-yl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195533-89-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-(6-chloro-3-pyridinyl)-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro- (9CI)

(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195534-22-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-[2-(phenylamino)-3-pyridinyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 24 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1998:793898 CAPLUS

DN 130:150809

TI The antifungal activity of sulfonylamido derivatives of 2-aminophenoxathiin and related compounds

AU Supuran, Claudiu T.; Scozzafava, Andrea; Briganti, Fabrizio; Loloiu, George; Maior, Ovidiu

CS Laboratorio di Chimica Inorganica e Bioinorganica, Universita degli Studi di Firenze, Florence, 50121, Italy

SO European Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1998), 33(10), 821-830 CODEN: EJMCA5; ISSN: 0223-5234

PB Editions Scientifiques et Medicales Elsevier

DT Journal

LA English

Aryl/alkyl-sulfonylamido, arylsulfenylamido, arylcarboxamido and AB ureido/thioureido derivs. of 2-aminophenoxathiin were prepared by reaction of the title compound with sulfonyl/sulfenyl halides, sulfonic acid anhydrides, acyl chlorides, tosyl isocyanate, aryl/allyl isocyanates or isothiocyanates. Some of these derivs., containing free amino groups, have been further derivatized by reaction with 2,4,6-trisubstituted-pyrylium salts, aryl/allyl isocyanate/isothiocyanates or tosyl isocyanate. Several of the newly synthesized compds. act as effective antifungal agents against Aspergillus and Candida spp., some of them showing activities comparable to ketoconazole or itraconazole (against the aspergilli) but being much less effective against Candida. The mechanism of action of these compds. involves inhibition of ergosterol biosynthesis, and probably interaction with lanosterol-14- α -demethylase (CYP51A1), since reduced amts. of ergosterol were evidenced by means of HPLC in cultures of the sensitive strain A. niger treated with some of these inhibitors. Thus, the two classes of antifungal compds., i.e. the azoles and the new derivs. reported here, might possess a similar mechanism of action at mol. level.

IT 220208-09-3P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(antifungal activity of sulfonylamido derivs. of aminophenoxathiin and related compds.)

RN 220208-09-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-2-phenoxathiinyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 25 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1998:709737 CAPLUS

DN 130:75729

TI Novel antineoplastic agents with efficacy against multidrug resistant tumor cells

AU Medina, Julio C.; Shan, Bei; Beckmann, Holger; Farrell, Robert P.; Clark, David L.; Learned, R. Marc; Roche, Daniel; Li, Angela; Baichwal, Vijay; Case, Casey; Baeuerle, Patrick A.; Rosen, Terry; Jaen, Juan C.

CS Tularik Inc, South San Francisco, CA, 94080, USA

SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters/(1998), 8(19), 2653-2656 CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PB Elsevier Science Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AB A novel series of pentafluorobenzenesulfonamides has been shown to inhibit the growth of a variety of human tumor cell lines. Among the cell types against which these agents were evaluated were the multidrug resistant (MDR) cell lines MCF-7/ADR and P388/ADR. The cytotoxic activity of members of this series of compds. was not affected by the multidrug resistant pump in MCF-7/ADR or P388/ADR cells.

IT 195533-48-3P 195533-66-5P, 5-

Pentafluorophenylsulfonamidoindole

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(pentafluorobenzenesulfonamides as novel antineoplastic agents with efficacy against multidrug resistant human tumor cells in relation to structure)

RN 195533-48-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-(2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl)-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195533-66-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-1H-indol-5-yl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L7 ANSWER 26 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1998:651361 CAPLUS
- DN 130:49076
- TI Sulfonylamido derivatives of 2-aminophenoxathiin-10,10-dioxide and related compounds possess antifungal action due to the possible inhibition of lanosterol-14- α -demethylase
- AU Supuran, Claudiu T.; Scozzafava, Andrea; Briganti, Fabrizio; Loloiu, George; Maior, Ovidiu
- CS Lab. Chimica Inorganica Bioinorganica, Univ. Studi Firenze, Florence, I-50121, Italy
- SO Journal of Enzyme Inhibition (1998), 13(4), 291-310 CODEN: ENINEG; ISSN: 8755-5093
- PB Harwood Academic Publishers
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Aryl/alkyl-sulfonylamido-, arylsulfenylamido-, arylcarboxamido-, and ureido/thioureido derivs. of 2-aminophenoxathiin-10,10-dioxide were prepared by reaction with sulfonyl/sulfenyl halides, sulfonic acid anhydrides, acyl chlorides, tosyl isocyanate, aryl/allyl isocyanates, or isothiocyanates. Some of these derivs., containing free amino groups, were further derivatized by reaction with 2,4,6-trisubstituted-pyrylium salts, aryl/allyl isocyanate/isothiocyanates or tosyl isocyanate. Several of the newly synthesized compds. act as effective antifungal agents against Aspergillus and Candida spp., some of them showing activities comparable to ketoconazole, with min. inhibitory concns. in the range of 0.3-0.5 μg/mL. Their mechanism of antifungal action is hypothesized to be due to inhibition of lanosterol-14-α-demethylase.
- IT 217299-40-6P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(sulfonylamido derivs. of 2-aminophenoxathiin-10,10-dioxide and related compds. possess antifungal action due to the possible inhibition of lanosterol-14- α -demethylase)

- RN 217299-40-6 CAPLUS
- CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-(10,10-dioxido-2-phenoxathiinyl)-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

09/972,743

L7 ANSWER 27 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ΑN 1998:430040 CAPLUS

DN129:92249

Assay for glutathione transferase using polyhaloaryl-substituted reporter ΤI molecules

IN Diwu, Zhenjun; Haugland, Richard P.

PAMolecule Probes, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 34 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DTPatent

English LΑ

FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----US 5773236 19980630 Α US 1997-845301 19970425 PRAI US 1997-845301 19970425 MARPAT 129:92249 OS

The subject invention describes compds. containing a polyhalogenated aryl AB moiety. The compds. of the invention are particularly useful for the assay of a variety of enzymes, including intracellular enzymes. The subject invention also describes assays for glutathione and/or glutathione transferase enzymes. Selected compds. of the invention are particularly useful for improving the retention of fluorescent products of enzyme metabolism in cells.

IT 209540-57-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (assay for glutathione transferase using polyhaloaryl-substituted reporter mols.)

RN 209540-57-8 CAPLUS

Benzenesulfonamide, N-(3',6'-dihydroxy-3-oxospiro[isobenzofuran-1(3H),9'-CN[9H]xanthen]-5-yl)-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 20 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L7 ANSWER 28 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1998:112217 CAPLUS
- DN 128:167254
- ΤI Pentafluorobenzenesulfonamides and analogs useful as antiproliferative
- IN Flygare, John; Medina, Julio; Shan, Bei; Clark, David; Rosen, Terry
- PΑ Tularik, Inc., USA
- PCT Int. Appl., 101 pp.

MARPAT 128:167254

OS

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								BA,												
			DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GE,	GH,	HU,	IL,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR.	KZ.		
			LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,		
			PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	UA,	UG,	UZ,		
								KΖ,												
		RW:	GH,	KE,	LS,	MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,		
			GB,	GR,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,		
		0.7700	GN,	ML,	MR,	ΝE,	SN,	TD,	TG											
	AU	97388	877			A1		1998	0225		AU 1	997-	3887	7		1	9970	718		
		7101						1999												
		12250						1999									9970			
	EP	93962 93962	∠ / ⊃ 7			AI D1					EP I	997-	9361	33		1	9970	718		
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		κ.	IE,	DE,	Cn,	DE,	DK,	ES,	rK,	GB,	GK,	IT,	тт,	ьU,	ΝL,	SE,	MC,	PT,		
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	JР	34213	350	10		B2		2003) <u>F</u> T	<i>99</i> 0	JU 19.) /		1:	9970	/18		
		64828						2002		1	15 1	997-8	99629	3.0		1 (9970	710		
		2492				E		2003				997-9					9970' 9970'			
		93962						2004				997-9					9970'			
		22013				Т3		2004				997-9					9970			
	KR	20000	0225	56		Α		2000				998-					99812			
	US	20031	1628	17				2003				002-2				20	00210	011		
PRAI	US	1996-	-221	98P		P		1996												
	US	1997-	-896					1997												
	WO	1997-	-US1	2720		W		1997	0718											
PRAI	US US	1996- 1997-	-221 -8962	98P 280		P A 1		1996) 1997)	0719 0718		, B	002 2	2,02			2 (JUZ 1 (711		

The invention provides methods and compns. relating to novel AB pentafluorophenylsulfonamide derivs. and analogs, and their use as pharmacol. active agents. The compds. bond covalently and selectively to Cys-239 of β -tubulin, and thereby disrupt microtubule formation. compns. find particular use in the treatment of cancer, vascular restenosis, microbial infections, and psoriasis, or the compds. serve as leads for the development of drugs. The compns. include compds. of formula I [Y = S(O) or S(O)2; Z = NR1R2 or OR3; R1, R2 = H,(un) substituted alk(en/yn) yl, alkoxy, cycloalk(en) yl, (hetero) aryl, (hetero)aryloxy, etc.; R1 and R2 may be joined by a bond, alkylene, or heteroalkylene group; R3 = (un) substituted (hetero)aryl]. For example, sulfonamidation of N,N-dimethyl-1,4-phenylenediamine-2HCl with pentafluorophenylsulfonyl chloride in pyridine gave 63% title compound II. In an assay for inhibition of growth of HeLa cells (human cervical carcinoma) in vitro, II had an IC50 of < 0.05 $\mu M.$

ΙT 195533-48-3P, 1,2-(Ethylenedioxy)-4-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonamid o]benzene 195533-50-7P, 1,2-(Methylenedioxy)-4-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonamido]benzene 195533-64-3P, 5-[(Pentafluorophenyl)sulfonamido]indazole 195533-66-5P, 5-[(Pentafluorophenyl)sulfonamido]indole 195533-89-2P, 2-Chloro-5-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonamido]pyridine 195534-22-6P , 2-Anilino-3-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonamido]pyridine 195534-23-7P, 1-[(Pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-1,2,3,4tetrahydroquinoline 202998-73-0P, 2-Methoxy-5-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonamido]pyridine RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of pentafluorobenzenesulfonamides and analogs as antiproliferative and chemotherapeutic agents) RN195533-48-3 CAPLUS Benzenesulfonamide, N-(2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl)-2,3,4,5,6-CNpentafluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195533-50-7 CAPLUS
CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195533-64-3 CAPLUS
CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-1H-indazol-5-yl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195533-66-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-1H-indol-5-yl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195533-89-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-(6-chloro-3-pyridinyl)-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195534-22-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-[2-(phenylamino)-3-pyridinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195534-23-7 CAPLUS

CN Quinoline, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]- (9CI) (CA

INDEX NAME)

RN 202998-73-0 CAPLUS
CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-(6-methoxy-3-pyridinyl)- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L7
    ANSWER 29 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
     1997:576658 CAPLUS
DN
     127:247928
ΤI
     Preparation of pentafluorobenzenesulfonanilides and analogs as LDL
     receptor gene expression regulators
IN
     Clark, David; Flygare, John; Medina, Julio C.; Rosen, Terry; Shan, Bei
PΑ
     Tularik, Inc., USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 93 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
    English
LA
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                               DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO.
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                               _-_-
                                          ______
                       A2
    WO 9730677
                               19970828
                                        WO 1997-US2926
    WO 9730677
                        A3
                              19971120
        W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE,
            ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT,
            LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE,
            SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,
            MD, RU, TJ, TM
        RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,
            IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML,
            MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                               19970828
                                           CA 1997-2244785
    CA 2244785
                         AA
                                                                 19970222
    AU 9719739
                                           AU 1997-19739
                         Α1
                               19970910
                                                                 19970222
    AU 711159
                         В2
                               19991007
    EP 896533
                                          EP 1997-907843
                         A2
                               19990217
                                                                 19970222
    EP 896533
                        В1
                               20030910
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, FI
    NZ 331941
                               20000428
                                           NZ 1997-331941
                                                                 19970222
                         Α
                        Т2
                                           JP 1997-530397
     JP 2000505459
                               20000509
                                                                 19970222
                        B2
    JP 3421349
                               20030630
                       A2
    EP 1334719
                        A2 20030813
A3 20030924
                                        EP 2003-9125
                                                                 19970222
    EP 1334719
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, FI
    AT 249213
                               20030915
                                           AT 1997-907843
                        E
                                                                 19970222
    PT 896533
                        T
                                                                 19970222
                               20040227
                                          PT 1997-907843
                        Т3
    ES 2205183
                                          ES 1997-907843
                               20040501
                                                                 19970222
PRAI US 1996-605431
                       Α
                               19960222
    EP 1997-907843
                        AЗ
                               19970222
    WO 1997-US2926
                         W
                               19970222
OS
    MARPAT 127:247928
    RZR4 (R = pentafluorophenylthroughout) [I; R4 = NR1R2 or OR3; R1,R2 = H,
AB
    alkyl, alkoxy, aryl, etc.; R3 = (hetero)aryl; Z = SO or SO2] were prepared
    Thus, RSO2Cl was amidated by 4-(H2N)C6H4NMe2 to give RSO2NHC6H4(NMe2)-4.
    Data for biol. activity of I were given.
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17 195533-48-3P 195533-50-7P 195533-64-3P 195533-66-5P 195533-89-2P 195534-22-6P 195534-23-7P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of pentafluorobenzenesulfonanilides and analogs as LDL receptor gene expression regulators)

RN 195533-48-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-(2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl)-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195533-50-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195533-64-3 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-1H-indazol-5-yl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195533-66-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-1H-indol-5-yl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195533-89-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-(6-chloro-3-pyridinyl)-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195534-22-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-N-[2-(phenylamino)-3-pyridinyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 195534-23-7 CAPLUS

CN Quinoline, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L7 ANSWER 30 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1997:479343 CAPLUS
- DN 127:95203
- TI Preparation of 5-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexylalkyl-2-piperidones and -glutarimides as neurokinin receptor antagonists
- IN Mackenzie, Alexander Roderick; Marchington, Allan Patrick; Middleton, Donald Stuart; Meadows, Sandra Dora
- PA Pfizer Limited, UK; Pfizer Inc.; Pfizer Research and Development Company, N.V./s.A.La Touche Houseinternational Financial Services Centredublin 1; Marchington, Allan Patrick; Middleton, Donald Stuart; Meadows, Sandra Dora
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN. CNT 1

FAN.	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9719942	Al 19970605	WO 1996-EP5000	19961111
	W: CA, JP, MX,			
	·		FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, L	
			CA 1996-2230936	19961111
	CA 2230936	C 20010911		
	EP 862567	A1 19980909	EP 1996-938206	19961111
	EP 862567	B1 20010801		
	R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, N	L, SE, PT, IE, FI
	JP 10512598	T2 19981202	JP 1996-520118	19961111
	JP 2978566	B2 19991115		
	AT 203747	E 20010815	AT 1996-938206	19961111
	ES 2159764	тз 20011016	ES 1996-938206	19961111
	PT 862567			
	US 6034082		US 1998-74931	
	GR 3036688			
PRAT	GB 1995-24157		01. 2001 101010	20010320
T 1/4 11		W 19961111		
OS	MARPAT 127:95203	15501111		
US	MARCA1 12/:30200			

The title compds. I [R1 is C1-C6 alkyl, C3-C7 cycloalkyl, C3-C7 AΒ cycloalkyl(C1-C4)alkyl, aryl or aryl(C1-C4)alkyl; the C1-C6 alkyl group is optionally substituted by fluorine and the C3-C7 cycloalkyl or C3-C7 cycloalkyl(C1-C4)alkyl group is optionally substituted in the cycloalkyl ring by up to two substituents each independently selected from halo, C1-C4 alkoxy or halo(C1-C4)alkoxy; R2 is Ph optionally substituted with one or two halo substituents or is indolyl, thienyl, benzothienyl or naphthyl; R3 is NH2, -NR4SO2(C1-C6 alkyl), -NR4SO2 aryl, -NR4SO2N(R4)2, -NR4CO(C1-C6 alkyl), -NR4CO aryl or a group or formula Q wherein W is O, NR5, CH(OH), CHCO2H, CHN(R4)2, CHF, CF2, C:O or CH2; R4 is H or C1-C6 alkyl' R5 is H, C1-C6 alkyl, C3-C7 cycloalkyl, C3-C7 cycloalkyl(C1-C6)alkyl, C2-C6 alkanoyl, C4-C8 cycloalkanoyl, C3-C7 cycloalkyl(C2-C6)alkanoyl, aryl CO-, C1-C6 alkyl SO2-, (R4)2NSO2-, C3-C7 cycloalkyl SO2-, C3-C7 cycloalkyl(C1-C6)alkyl-SO2- or aryl SO2-; X is CH2 or C:O; m is 0, 1 or 2 with the proviso that m is not 0 when W is NR5, C:O, or O; and n is an integer of from 1 to 4] were prepared as neurokinin receptor antagonists (no data) of utility in the treatment of a variety of medical conditions including urinary incontinence, asthma and related conditions. E.g., reaction of 5(S)-1-(cyclopropylmethyl)-5-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-5formylmethyl-2-piperidone and 1α , 5α , 6α -6-morpholino-3azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane gave 5(S)-5-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-1-(cyclopropylmethyl)-5-(2-[1α , 5α , 6α -6-morpholino-3azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane]ethyl)-2-piperidone.

IT 192212-60-5P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of (azabicyclohexyl)alkylpiperidones and -glutarimides as neurokinin receptor antagonists)

RN 192212-60-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-[3-[2-[1-(cyclopropylmethyl)-3-(3,4-dichlorophenyl)-6-oxo-3-piperidinyl]=3-azabicyclo[3.1.0]hex-6-yl]-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-, [3(S)-(1 α ,5 α ,6 α)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L7
    ANSWER 31 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
    1996:304004 CAPLUS
DN
    124:343780
TI
    Preparation of apovincamine analogs and their biological activities
IN
    Hidaka, Hiroyoshi; Ishikawa, Tomohiko; Muramatsu, Hiroshi; Inoe, Tsutomu
PΑ
SO
    Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.
    CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
    Patent
LΑ
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
                   KIND
                            DATE APPLICATION NO.
    PATENT NO.
    _____
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PΤ
    JP 08067681
                      A2 19960312 JP 1994-155644
                                                              19940707
    WO 9719945
                       A1
                            19970605 WO 1995-JP2434
                                                              19951129
        W: AU, CA, CN, KR, US
        RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
                 AA 19970605 CA 1995-2238488 19951129
    CA 2238488
                      A1
                                        AU 1995-39938
    AU 9539938
                             19970619
                                                               19951129
    AU 710773
                       В2
                             19990930
                       A1
    EP 864571
                            19980916 EP 1995-938607
                                                              19951129
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE, PT, IE
    CN 1200733
                   Α
                              19981202 CN 1995-197991 19951129
PRAI JP 1994-143034
                              19940624
    WO 1995-JP2434
                              19951129
    MARPAT 124:343780
OS
    Title compds. I [R1 = alkyl; R2 = halo, alkyl, alkoxy, alkoxycarbonyl,
AΒ
    etc.] are prepared and their vasodilating and blood platelet aggregation
    inhibiting activities are studied. Thus, apovincamine acid Et ester
    (preparation given) was 11-nitrated, the 11-nitro derivative was reduced, and
the
    11-amino derivative was reacted with benzenesulfonyl chloride to give the
    title compound I [R1 = Et, R2 = phenyl]. In an in vitro study, this had an
    ED50 comparable to that for vinposetine phosphate.
IT
    176661-35-1P
    RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or
    effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN
    (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
    PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
       (preparation of apovincamine derivs. and biol. activities)
RN
    176661-35-1 CAPLUS
    Eburnamenine-14-carboxylic acid, 11-[[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-,
CN
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Absolute stereochemistry.

ethyl ester, $(3\alpha, 16\alpha)$ - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

09/972,743

- L7 ANSWER 32 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1995:311983 CAPLUS
- DN 122:160318
- TI Synthesis and β -lactamase inhibitory activity of new 6β -sulfonamidopenicillanic acids
- AU Changov, L. S.; Vassileva-Lukanova, B. K.; Angelova-Galabova, A.; Pavlova, A. V.; Spassov, S. L.
- CS Chem. Pharmaceutical Res. Inst., Bulgaria Academy Sci., Sofia, Burma
- SO Arzneimittel-Forschung (1994), 44(7), 856-8 CODEN: ARZNAD; ISSN: 0004-4172
- PB Cantor
- DT Journal
- LA English
- New 6β -aryl(alkyl)sulfonamidopenicillanic acids and their sulfoxides I (R = 4-O2NC6H4, 4-BrC6H4, CH2Ph, Et, etc., n = 0, 1) were synthesized by sulfonylation of 6β -aminopenicillanic acid or its β -sulfoxide with an appropriate sulfonyl chloride. The corresponding 6β -sulfonamidopenicillanic acid sulfones were prepared by oxidation of the sulfoxides with potassium permanganate in aqueous medium. The obtained compds. reduced the min. inhibitory concns. of ampicillin against 8 reference and 7 clin. isolated strains.
- IT 161155-03-9P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

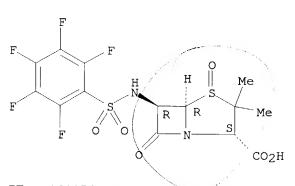
(synthesis and β -lactamase inhibitory activity of

eta-sulfonamidopenicillanic acids)

RN 161155-03-9 CAPLUS

CN 4-Thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-6-[[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-, 4-oxide, [2S- $(2\alpha, 5\alpha, 6\beta)$]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



nd heteroary

IT 161154-94-5P 161155-13-1P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis and $\beta\text{--lactamase}$ inhibitory activity of $\beta\text{--sulfonamidopenicillanic}$ acids)

RN 161154-94-5 CAPLUS

CN 4-Thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-6- [[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-, [2S-(2α ,5 α ,6 β)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 161155-13-1 CAPLUS

CN 4-Thia-1-azabicyclo[3.2.0]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 3,3-dimethyl-7-oxo-6-[[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-, 4,4-dioxide, [2S-(2 α ,5 α ,6 β)]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L7 ANSWER 33 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1993:634022 CAPLUS

DN 119:234022

TI Preparation of sulfonylphthalimides as inhibitors of platelet-derived growth factor.

IN Clader, John W.; Davis, Harry R.; Mullins, Deborra; Rosenblum, Stuart; Weinstein, Jay

PA Schering Corp., USA

SO U.S., 22 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

112,1011 1							
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
					~~~~		
PI	US 5238950	A	19930824	US 1991-808997	19911217		
PRAI	US 1991-808997		19911217				

OS MARPAT 119:234022

AB The sulfonylphthalimides I [R = (un)substituted Ph or naphthyl, etc., R1 = NO2, NH2, BzNH, etc., n = 0,1] and related compds. are prepared as platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF) inhibitors, useful for the treatment of atherosclerosis, cancer, retinal detachment, etc. (no data). 2-Methyl-5-chlorobenzenesulfonolamide (preparation given) was refluxed with phthaloyl chloride, in toluene, to give I(R = 2-methyl-5-chlorophenyl, Rln= H)(II). II inhibited the binding of PDGF to PDGF receptors on human fibroblasts.

IT 150519-90-7P

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, as platelet-derived growth factor-inhibiting drug)

RN 150519-90-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L7 ANSWER 34 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1992:214490 CAPLUS

DN 116:214490

TI Preparation of thiazolidine derivatives as platelet-activating factor antagonists

IN Iwata, Michizo; Imanishi, Takeshi; Sato, Masakazu; Kawashima, Yutaka; Goto, Jun; Chiba, Yoshiyuki; Satake, Mikio

PA Taisho Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Japan; Nippon Suisan Kaisha, Ltd.

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 03275678	A2	19911206	JP 1990-76172	19900326
PRAI	JP 1990-76172		19900326		

OS MARPAT 116:214490

AB The title derivs. I (R1 = alkyl, carbocyclyl, heterocyclyl; R2 = alkyl, Q, 1,5-C10H6NMe2, 2-C10H7; V-Z = H, halo, OH, NO2, NH2, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy, alkylamide) are prepared A mixture of 10 g 2-(3-pyridyl)thiazolidine and 16.6 g K2CO3 in Me2CO was treated dropwise with a solution of 13.3 g p-O2NC6H4SO2Cl under ice cooling, then stirred at room temperature for 1 h to give 6.5 g I (R1 = 3-pyridyl, R2 = C6H4NO2-4) (II). II showed platelet aggregation inhibition activity with an IC50 of 16 μM.

IT 140893-46-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as platelet aggregation inhibitor)

RN 140893-46-5 CAPLUS

CN Thiazolidine, 3-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-2-(3-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L7 ANSWER 35 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1990:55909 CAPLUS
- DN 112:55909
- TI Preparation of arylsulfonamidonaphthyridines and -pyridopyrimidines as herbicides
- IN Saupe, Thomas; Klebe, Gerhard; Schirmer, Ulrich; Paul, Gerhard; Kober, Reiner; Wuerzer, Bruno; Berghaus, Rainer; Meyer, Norbert; Westphalen, Karl Otto
- PA BASF A.-G., Fed. Rep. Ger.
- SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 110 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW
- DT Patent
- LA German
- FAN.CNT 1

	PA:	TENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PΙ	EP	329012	A2	19890823	EP 1989-102209	19890209
	ΕP	329012	A3	19910403		
		R: CH, DE, FR	GB, IT	, LI		
	DE	3804990	A1	19890831	DE 1988-3804990	19880218
	US	4881969	Α	19891121	US 1989-310753	19890215
	JP	01254682	A2	19891011	JP 1989-36449	19890217
	US	4999045	A	19910312	US 1989-378985	19890712
	US	4999044	A	19910312	US 1989-378986	19890712
PRAI	DE	1988-3804990		19880218		
	US	1989-310753		19890215		

- OS CASREACT 112:55909; MARPAT 112:55909
- The title compds. [I; R1 = H, CN, (substituted) C1-8 alkyl, C2-5 alkenyl, SOR4, SO2R4, C2-4 alkynyl, COR4; R2, R3 = NO2, OH, CO2H, SH, halo, (substituted) C1-4 alkyl, C3-6 cycloalkyl, C1-4 alkoxy or alkylthio, C2-5 alkenyloxy, C2-4 alkynyloxy, amino, etc.; R4 = C1-4 alkyl, -alkoxy, -alkylthio, aryl, aryloxy, arylthio, CONR5R6; R5, R6 = C1-4 alkyl, C3-6 cycloalkyl, C2-5 alkenyl, aryl, arylalkyl, C1-4 alkylcarbonyl; R5R6 = C2-6 alkylene; W, X, Y, Z = N, CR7; R7 = hydrazino, R2; A = (substituted) (hetero)aryl; n = 0, 1], useful as herbicides (no data), were prepared Thus, 2-amino-5,7-dimethyl-1,8-naphthyridine in pyridine was treated dropwise with 2-ClC6H4SO2Cl at 40-50°. The mixture was stirred 1 h at 75° and refluxed for 1.5 h to give 2-chloro-N-(5,7-dimethyl-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)benzenesulfonamide. I were said to be effective against Amaranthus retroflexus, Centaurea cyanus, Chenopodium album, Cyperus iria, and Ipomoea spp.
- IT 124801-77-0P 124801-81-6P
  - RL: AGR (Agricultural use); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of, as herbicide)
- RN 124801-77-0 CAPLUS
- CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-(5,7-dimethyl-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 124801-81-6 CAPLUS

CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-(7-chloro-5-methyl-1,8-naphthyridin-2-yl)-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L7 ANSWER 36 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1989:407107 CAPLUS
- DN 111:7107
- TI Direct incorporation of a  $6\alpha(7\alpha)$ -formamido group into penicillin and cephalosporin sulfides and sulfoxides
- AU Branch, Clive L.; Pearson, Michael J.; Smale, Terence C.
- CS Beecham Pharm., Betchworth/Surrey, RH3 7AJ, UK
- Journal of the Chemical Society, Perkin Transactions 1: Organic and Bio-Organic Chemistry (1972-1999) (1988), (10), 2865-73 CODEN: JCPRB4; ISSN: 0300-922X
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 111:7107
- AB  $6\beta$ -[N-(2,2,2-Trichloroethoxycarbonyl)-N-trifluoromethylsulfonyl)amino penicillins have been converted into the  $6\alpha$ -formamido- $6\beta$ -(2,2,2-trichloroethoxycarbonylamino) derivs. by treatment with (Me3Si)2NCHO and Et3N. The trifluoromethyl group could be replaced in approx. decreasing order of effectiveness, by CF3(CF2)3, C6F5, 2,4,5-Cl3C6H2, 2,4-(O2N)2C6H3, 4-O2NC6H4, p-tolyl, or Me. The  $6\alpha$ -formamido-(2,2,2-trichloroethoxy)carbonylamino derivs. were oxidized and the structure of the derived  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ -sulfoxides confirmed by unambiguous synthesis. Analogous cephalosporins were similarly prepared The I (n = 1) had less bactericidal activity than I (n = 0).
- IT 93553-38-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reaction of, with bis(trimethylsilyl)formamide)

RN 93553-38-9 CAPLUS

CN 5-Thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 3-[(acetyloxy)methyl]-8-oxo-7-[[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl][(2,2,2-trichloroethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (6R-trans)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

## IT 93553-37-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reaction of, with trichloroethyl chloroformate)

RN 93553-37-8 CAPLUS

CN 5-Thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 3-[(acetyloxy)methyl]-8-oxo-7-[[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-,

1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (6R-trans)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
Absolute stereochemistry.

L7 ANSWER 37 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 1988:177077 CAPLUS

DN 108:177077

TI Silver halide color photographic material containing magenta coupler

IN Ishii, Fumio; Wada, Hajime

PA Konica Co., Japan

50 Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	0111				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	JP 62205349	A2 B4	19870909	JP 1986-47406	19860306
	JP 06008950		19940202		
PRAI	JP 1986-47406		19860306		

The magenta coupler(s) from derivs. of 1H-pyrazolo[3,2-C]-s-triazole substituted at a 6-position with a YSO2NR- group (R = H, alkyl, aryl; Y = alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, amino) is contained in the layer(s) of the color photog. material. The use of the couplers provides high colorfastness and resistance to HCHO, beside good coloration. Thus, a green-sensitive Ag(I,Br) emulsion was added with a gelatin-I emulsion and a hardener, and applied on a polyester base. The content of I in the layer was 0.1 mol/mol of Ag. Exposure and processing of the film using a developer containing or not containing PhCH2OH produced magenta images that showed

high colorfastness. High resistance of the unexposed film to HCHO was also observed

IT 113840-92-9

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (photog. magenta coupler, colorfast, formalin-resistant)

RN 113840-92-9 CAPLUS

CN Acetamide, 2-[2,4-bis(1,1-dimethylpropyl)phenoxy]-N-[4-[3-[7-chloro-6-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-1H-pyrazolo[5,1-c]-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl]propyl]phenyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

- L7 ANSWER 38 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1987:423211 CAPLUS
- DN 107:23211
- TI Diels-Alder cycloadditions using electrophilic sulfonyl pyridones
- AU Posner, Gary H.; Switzer, Christopher
- CS Dep. Chem., Johns Hopkins Univ., Baltimore, MD, 21218, USA
- SO Journal of Organic Chemistry (1987), 52(8), 1642-4 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 107:23211
- AB A series of N-sulfonyl-3-p-toluenesulfonyl-2-pyridones I (R = 4-MeC6H4; R1 = 4-R2C6H4, C6F5,CF3,R2 = Me,Br,F,NO2) were prepared from 3-bromo-2-pyridone. Several of the electrophilic pyridones I reacted with R3OCH:CH2(R3 = Et,Bu) between 25-100°C to produce unsatd., bridged, bicyclic lactams II. At 5-7 kbar of pressure, such inverse-electron-demand Diels-Alder cycloaddns. proceeded smoothly at 25-50° forming cycloadducts II (R1 = 4-MeC6H4,R3 = Bu; R1 = C6F5,R3 = Et) in a regiospecific and stereoselective manner. Catalytic reduction of the ethylenic bridge of bicyclic lactam II (R1 = 4-MeC6H4,R3 = Bu) followed by reductive cleavage by NaBH4 formed. Functionalized aminocyclohexane III (R = 4-MeC6H4).
- RN 107383-86-8 CAPLUS
- CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-3-one, 8-ethoxy-4-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]-2-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-,  $(1\alpha, 4\beta, 8S^*)$  (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

- RN 107438-90-4 CAPLUS
- CN 2-Azabicyclo[2.2.2]oct-5-en-3-one, 8-ethoxy-4-[(4-methylphenyl)sulfonyl]-2-[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]-,  $(1\alpha, 4\beta, 8R^*)$  (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

- L7 ANSWER 39 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1985:109290 CAPLUS
- DN 102:109290
- TI Electrophore-labeling and alkylation of standards of nucleic acid pyrimidine bases for analysis by gas chromatography with electron-capture detection
- AU Nazareth, Albert; Joppich, Markus; Abdel-Baky, Samy; O'Connell, Kathleen; Sentissi, Abdellah; Giese, Roger W.
- CS Dep. Med. Chem., Coll. Pharm. Allied Health Prof., Boston, MA, 02115, USA
- SO Journal of Chromatography (1984), 314, 201-10 CODEN: JOCRAM; ISSN: 0021-9673
- DT Journal
- LA English
- The pyrimidine bases cytosine, uracil, and thymine, along with some analogs, are electrophore-labeled either with pentafluorobenzoyl chloride (PFBC), pentafluorophenylsulfonyl chloride (PPSC), or heptafluorobutyric anhydride. Subsequent alkylation is most successful for PFB-cytosine, PPS-uracil, and PPS-thymine. These same alkylated compds. also have the highest aqueous stability and respond most strongly by gas chromatog.-electron-capture detection. One of these derivs., determined to be N4-PFB-1,3-dimethylcytosine by authentic synthesis, and its 5-Me analog, can be detected with good precision down to the 100-fg level. Poor reproducibility is encountered at the 10-fg level.
- IT 94720-26-0
  - RL: ANT (Analyte); ANST (Analytical study)
    - (determination of, by gas chromatog. with electron-capture detection)
- RN 94720-26-0 CAPLUS
- CN Benzenesulfonamide, N-(1,2-dihydro-2-oxo-4-pyrimidinyl)-2,3,4,5,6-pentafluoro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L7
       ANSWER 40 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
 ΑN
       1985:6050 CAPLUS
 DN
       102:6050
 TΙ
       \beta-Lactam compounds
 IN
       Milner, Peter Henry
       Beecham Group PLC, UK
 PΑ
 SO
       Eur. Pat. Appl., 68 pp.
       CODEN: EPXXDW
 DT
       Patent
LA
       English
 FAN.CNT 1
       KIND DATE
                                                        APPLICATION NO. DATE
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ΡI
                     A2 19840808 EP 1984-300338
A3 19840829
B1 19870610
       EP 115405
                                                                                        19840119
       EP 115405
       EP 115405
            R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
      DK 8400237

FI 8400215

A 19840722

FI 1984-215

FI 81354

B 19900629

FI 81354

C 19901010

AU 8423608

Al 19840726

AU 1984-23608

AU 568530

B2 19880107

JP 59137489

A2 19840807

JP 1984-7914

HU 34207

O 19850228

HU 1984-205

HU 191584

B 19870330

ZA 8400402

A 19850424

ZA 1984-402

US 4555363

A 19851126

US 1984-572196

ES 528985

CA 1222745

Al 19870609

CA 1984-445646

AT 27702

E 19870615

AT 1984-300338

IL 70721

PL 146761

B1 19890228

IL 1984-70721

PL 146761

B1 19890331

PL 1984-245815

NO 8400211

A 19840723

NO 164031

B 19900822
       DK 8400237 A 19840722
                                                        DK 1984-237
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      NO 164031
                                          19900822
PRAI GB 1983-1688
                                          19830121
      GB 1983-17199
                                          19830624
      EP 1984-300338
                                          19840119
AB
      \beta-Lactams I [X = S, SO, SO2, O, CH2; R = acyl; R1R2 = CMe2CHCO2R3,
      CH2CHCO2R3, CH:CR4CHCO2R3, CH2CR4:CCO2R3; \overline{R3} = H, protective group; R4 =
      H, halogen, alkoxy, (un) substituted Me, vinyl] were prepared Thus II (R5 = \frac{1}{2}
      SMe) was treated with HCON(SiMe3)2 to give 66% II (R5 = NHCHO).
IT
      93553-38-9P
      RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
      (Reactant or reagent)
           (preparation and reaction of, with bis(trimethylsilyl)formamide)
      93553-38-9 CAPLUS
RN
      5-Thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid,
      3-[(acetyloxy)methyl]-8-oxo-7-[[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl][(2,2,2-
      trichloroethoxy)carbonyl]amino]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (6R-trans)-
      (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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Absolute stereochemistry.

## IT 93553-37-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reaction of, with chloroformate)

RN 93553-37-8 CAPLUS

CN 5-Thia-1-azabicyclo[4.2.0]oct-2-ene-2-carboxylic acid, 3-[(acetyloxy)methyl]-8-oxo-7-[[(pentafluorophenyl)sulfonyl]amino]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (6R-trans)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

# Absolute stereochemistry.

- L7 ANSWER 41 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- AN 1976:559576 CAPLUS
- DN 85:159576
- TI Studies in the chemistry of polyhalobenzene compounds. The synthesis and reactivity of 2,3,5,6- and 2,3,4,5-tetrachlorobenzenesulfonyl chlorides and related compounds
- AU Chivers, Geoffrey E.; Cremlyn, Richard J. W.; Cronjie, Theo N.; Martin, Roger A.
- CS Sch. Nat. Sci., Hatfield Polytech., Hatfield/Hertfordshire, UK
- SO Australian Journal of Chemistry (1976), 29(7), 1573-82 CODEN: AJCHAS; ISSN: 0004-9425
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 85:159576
- Polychlorobenzenesulfonyl chlorides I (R = Cl, H; R1 = H, Cl) were prepared from the sulfonic acids and PCl5 and amidated to yield sulfonamides II (R2 = H, Me; R3 = PhCH2, Me, Ph, substituted phenyl). I reacted with NaN3 and the sulfonyl azides obtained were treated with Ph3P to give iminophosphoranes III.
- IT 60774-99-4P
- RN 60774-99-4 CAPLUS
- CN Morpholine, 4-[(pentachlorophenyl)sulfonyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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     ANSWER 42 OF 42 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
     1967:37571 CAPLUS
DN
     66:37571
ΤI
     Sulfonic acid derivatives. III. Preparation, composition, and
     insecticide activity of sulfonamides
ΑU
     El-Hewehi, Zaki; Kira, Mohamed
     El Nasr Co., Manuf. Coke Chems., Helwan-Eltabbien, Egypt
CS
SO
     Journal fuer Praktische Chemie (Leipzig) (1966), 34(5-6), 218-42
     CODEN: JPCEAO; ISSN: 0021-8383
DT
     Journal
LΑ
     German
AB
     cf. CA 60, 13174g. Chlorinated sulfonamides are prepared and are tested for
     mothproofing and tested on rugs. Thus, 46.5 g. PhNH2 in 100 ml. EtoH is
     treated with 40.75 g. MeCHClSO2Cl in 100 ml. EtOH to give
     \alpha-chloroethylsulfonanilide, b15 155°. Similarly prepared are
     (m.p. and % yield given); 2,4,5-trichlorobenzenesulfomorpholide, -, -;
     pentachlorobenzenesulfonic acid maleic acid hydrazide, -, -; bis [p-(\alpha-chloromethanesulfonamido)phenyl] disulfide, 176°,
     38.2; \alpha-chloromethanesulfonic acid pentachloroanilide, 183°,
     66.5; \alpha-chloroethanesulfonic acid 2,4,5-trichloroanilide,
     122-5°, 75.7; \alpha-chloroethanesulfonic acid
     2,4,5-trichloroanilide, 137°, 3.5; 2,4,5-trichlorobenzenesulfonic acid p-phenylanilide, 84-6°, 52.2; 2,4,5-trichlorobenzenesulfonic
     acid 2,4,5-trichlorobenzylamide, 135.7°, 77; trichloromethylbis[4-
     2,4,5-trichloro-benzenesulfonamido)-3,5-dinitrophenyl]methane,
     170-2°, 97.5. A mixture of 72.6 g. ClCH2SO2NHPh in 200 ml. CCl4 is
     treated with 476.9 g. SO2Cl2 to give 99% chloromethanesulfonic acid
     2,4-dichloroanilide, m. 120°. Similarly prepared are (m.p. and %
     yield given): p,p'-bis(chloromethanesulfonamido)dichlorodiphenyl,
     150-5°, 99; p,p'-bis(2,4,5-trichlrobenzenesulfonamido)tetrachlorodi phenyl, 174°, -. Also prepared are (m.p. and % yield given):
     triethanolamine-chloroform complex, 178°, -;
     decachlorodiphenylamine, 240°, -; 2,4,6 -
     tris(dichloromethylene)hexahydro-s-triazine, 240°,
     2,4,5-trichlorobenzenesulfonic acid p-chloroanilide, 150°, -;
     2,4,5-trichlorobenzenesulfonic acid o-chloroanilide, 172°, -;
     2,4,5-trichlorobenzenesulfonic acid 2,4-dichloroanilide, 170°,
     2,4,5-trichlorobenzenesulfonic acid 2,4,6-trichloroanilide, 185°,
     -; methanesulfonanilide, 100°, 79; 2,4-
     dichloromethanesulfonanilide, 119.5°, 81.5; 2,4,5-trichloromethanesulfonanilide, 145°, 48; N - trichloromethylthio -
     2,4,5 - trichloromethanesulfonanilide, 150.5°, 95;
     N, N'-dithiobis (2, 4, 5-trichloromethanesulfonanilide), 111.5°, -;
     N-trichloromethanesulfonyl-\alpha-chloromethanesulfonanilide,
     127.5°, -; \alpha-chloromethanesulfonic acid 1-naphthylamide,
     125.5°, 14.8; \alpha-chloromethanesulfonic acid 2-naphthylamide,
     109°, 14.7; p-(p-chlorophenyl)-\alpha-chloromethanesulfoanilide,
     120-2°, -; α-chloromethanesulfonic acid hexachloro-p-
     phenylanilide, 167.5°, 26; N,N'-bis(\alpha-chloromethanesulfonyl)-
    benzidine, 238°, 35; benzenesulfonic acid p-chloroanilide,
     122°, 74; benzenesulfonic acid 2,4,5-trichloroanilide,
     137.5°, 90.5; benzenesulfonic acid p-phenylanilide, 115-18°,
     91.5; N,N-diphenylbenzenesulfonamide, 125.5°, 74;
    N, N-bis(p-chlorophenyl)benzenesulfonamide, 132-5°, 52;
    N, N-bis(2-chloroethyl)-2,4,5-benzenesulfonamide, 147°, 42;
     2,4,5-trichorobenzenesulfonanilide, 153-5°, 95;
     2,2',4,5-tetrachlorobenzenesulfonanilide, 172°, 95.5;
     2,4,4',5-tetrachlorobenzenesulfonanilide, 150°, 95.5;
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2,2',4,4',5-penytachlorobenzenesulfonanilide, 170°, 98; 2,2',4,4',5,6'-hexachlorobenzenesulfonanilide, 185°, 90; 2,4,5-trichlorobenzenesulfonic acid 1-naphthylamide, 163°, -; 2,4,5-trichlorobenzenesulfonic acid dichloro-1-naphthylamide, 190.5°, 62; 2,4,5-trichlorobenzenesulfonic acid 2-naphthylamide, 110°, 99; 2,4,5-trichlorobenzenesulfonic acid tetrachloro-2naphthylamide, 163-5°, 44; N,N'-bis(2,4,5trichlorobenzenesulfonyl)benzidine, 247°, 59.5; N-(2-naphthyl)-N-phenyl-2,4,5-trichlorobenzenesulfonamide, 148° (decomposition), 6; N, N-diphenyl-2, 4, 5-trichlorobenzenesulfonamide, 168.5°, 18.5; N,N-diethylpentachlorobenzenesulfonamide, 102°, 38.4; pentachlorobenzenesulfonic acid p-phenylanilide, 178°, 35.5; 2-(pentachlorobenzenesulfonyl)-6-hydroxypyridazone, 232° (decomposition), -. IT13607-62-0P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of) RN 13607-62-0 CAPLUS 3(2H)-Pyridazinone, 6-hydroxy-2-[(pentachlorophenyl)sulfonyl]- (8CI) CN INDEX NAME)

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:57:13 ON 03 SEP 2004)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:57:18 ON 03 SEP 2004

L1 SCREEN 1839

L2 SCREEN 2016 OR 2026 OR 2039 OR 2040 OR 2045 OR 2047

L3 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

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L5 5 S L4 SSS SAM

L6 82 S L4 SSS FUL

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:58:26 ON 03 SEP 2004

L7 42 S L6

FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 17:59:24 ON 03 SEP 2004

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COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE TOTAL
2 SESSION
5 0.42 357.27

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE TOTAL
ENTRY SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

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STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 17:59:38 ON 03 SEP 2004